Annexure III

K/W-3

BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE BOARD

CAUVERY BHAVAN, KEMPEGOWDA ROAD,
BANGALORE – 560 009

TENDER FOR THE WORK OF

Providing and laying 100mm and 150mm dia DI pipe line at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division.

(Through Karnataka Public Procurement Portal only)

http://www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in

Office of the Executive Engineer,
BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY & SEWERAGE BOARD
NORTH-WEST -1 DIVISION, West of Chord Road, 2nd stage, Behind Modi Hospital Bangalore-560 086.
E-mail:eenw@bwssb.gov.in

TENDER REFERENCE :	:	BWSSB/EENW-1/PB/4085 /2025-26 Dated: 05.12.2025	
PERIOD OF SALE OF TENDER DOCUMENT	:	From: 06.12.2025	To: 20.12.2025
LAST DATE FOR SALE OF TENDER DOCUMENT	:	20.12.2025	
LAST DATE AND TIME FOR RECEIPT OF TENDERS	:	20.12.2025	
PLACE OF OPENING OF TENDER	:	*Office of the Executive Engineer,* *North West-1 Division* *Bangalore Water Supply &* *Sewerage Board 5th main road* *Behind Modi Hospital* *West of Chord road, 2nd Stage,* *Bangalore -560086.*	
TIME AND DATE OF OPENING OF TENDERS	:	22.12.2025	
ADDRESS FOR COMMUNICATION	:	*Office of the Executive Engineer,* *North West-1 Division* *Bangalore Water Supply &* *Sewerage Board 5th main road* *BehindModi Hospital* *West of Chord road, 2nd Stage,* *Bangalore -560086..*	

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SECTION 1:

BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE BOARD
Office of the Executive Engineer
NorthWest-1 Division
West of Chord road, 2nd stage,
Bangalore– 560086

INVITATION FOR TENDER
(ONLY THROUGH KARNATAKA PUBLIC PROCUREMENT PORTAL)
www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in
IFT No: BWSSB / EENW-1 / PB / 4085 /2025-26 Date: 05.12.2025

For and on behalf of the Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board, **ITEMWAR TENDER is** invited through e-procurement process with tender procedure in line with Rule 28 of the KTPP Act by the Executive Engineer, Water Supply and Sanitary Division (North-West)-1, West of Chord road, 2nd stage, Bangalore– 560086 for the following work from registered Agencies of appropriate class as indicated against each work of **BWSSB/KUWSDB/KPWD,** etc. Who are having adequate financial resources, past experience in similar nature of work possessing valid GST registration. The Board keeps the right of acceptance or rejection of any tender without assigning any reasons.

The Tenderers are required to pay the Earnest Money Deposit only through e-procurement portal only using any of the four modes.

1. (1)Credit Card (Online Payment) (2) Direct Debit Using Internet Banking (Online Payment) (3) Remittance at the Bank Counter - Challan (Offline Payment) (4) NEFT (National Electronic fund transfer) (Offline payment). The details regarding their capability to undertake the tender (as detailed in ITT Clause 3) and the price tender shall be uploaded in the website. Technical details will be opened on the date and time mentioned in ITT clause 15 and evaluated. The price tender of the Tenderer, who is found to be qualified to execute the tendered works, will be opened on the date notified later. The Tenderers are advised to note the minimum qualification criteria specified in Clause 3 of the Instructions to Tenderers to qualify for award of the contract.

2. Tender documents may be downloaded from www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in website only. Interested tenderers may obtain further information at the same address.

3. Additional information related to e-procurement process can be obtained through the above mentioned website or contact e-procurement helpdesk No.**080-2550 1216 / 2550 1227**. The electronic tender comprising Technical and Financial bids will be operated as **Two Cover Tender system.**

4. Bidders can access tender documents from www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in website only and upload the required details; those are mentioned in different sections in the bid document in to electronic tender on the website. Scanned documents those are required to be furnished as per Section 2, 3 & 4 of the bid document shall be submitted through e- procurement.

5. The Tender processing fee once paid will not be refunded.

6. Date of publishing 06.12.2025 and the Last date and time for Receipt of tenders will be on 20.12**.2025 upto 17:30 Hrs and the date of opening of tender will be on 22.12.2025 after 17.00 Hrs**

Sl. No	**Name of work**	**Amount put to tender (Excluding GST)**	**Earnest Money Deposit @ 2%**	**Tender Processes sing fee**	**Period of Completion of work**	**Eligibility Class of Contractor**	**Clause of Tender**
1.	Providing and laying 100mm and 150mm dia DI pipe line at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division	Rs.79,86,768/- GST 18% of Rs.14,37,618/-/- Total-94,24,387/-	1,60,000/-	As per e-procurement portal	3 months	As per KPPP Norms	KW-3 Two cover

- **The Tenderer Should have in the last 5 years period achieved in at least two financial years a minimum annual financial turn over of rupees not less than the estimated cost under this contract i.e Rs.94.24 laks (Profit and loss account, Balance sheet certified/Audited by charted Acountant).**
- **The tenderer should have satisfactorily completed a similar work for to an extent of 50% of the cost of the work. i.e Rs.47.12 lakhs**
- **Liquid Assets or Availability of credit facilities usually 30% of the amount of contract Rs. 28.27 lakhs**
- **The tenderer should have executed in any one year the following minimum quantities of work usually 80% of the annual requirement i.e 150mm dia DI & above – 1670 mtr & above**

- **Form of tender is mandatory to upload in www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in portal.**
- **Assessed available tender capacity = (A*N*2.5 - B) should be greater than amount put to tender.**
- **Third party agency for inspection/Quality control will be nominated by BWSSB.**
- **The Rates are based on CSR 2023-24 & is Exclusive of GST.**
- **Refer Annexure (A) enclosed along for jurisdiction of the courts and safety measures to be taken while executing the works as per letter No.BWSSB/EIC/CE(P)/0027/2016-17 Dt:10.04.2017 & further hereby informed to include the same in the contract agreement.**

7. The tender is based on Two Cover System

8. Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board (BWSSB) reserve the right to cancel or annul the entire or part of this process of invitation at any time without assigning any reason.

9. The successful bidder would be required to give performance **bank guarantee of 5%** of the contract amount plus additional security for unbalanced bid amount from a Nationalized / Scheduled Indian Bank, with jurisdiction at Bangalore as specified, towards guarantee for completion of work within the stipulated period.

10. Applications / requisitions from joint venture Firms are not acceptable.

11. Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board (BWSSB) reserve the right to cancel or annul the entire or part of this process of invitation at any time without assigning any reason.

12. For any additional information regarding the above tender, the firms who are interested to quote, may contact office of the undersigned at the office address given below on all working days during office hours (10:00hours to 17:30 hours).

13. List of documents to support qualification of bidder is to be uploaded to the e-procurement website www.kppp.karnataka.gov.in

14. Bidders shall submit offers that comply with the requirements of the bid document, including the basic technical design as indicated in the drawing and specifications. Alternatives will not be considered. The attention of the bidders is drawn to clause 23 regarding the rejection of the bids, which are not substantially responsive to the requirement of the bid document.

15. Other details can be seen in the tender documents.

16. The works to be executed in accordance with the contract documents and to carry out all the works as per the guidelines. Any lapses in following the safety guidelines, the contractor/agency/firm will be held solely responsible.

17. Cutting Road Surfaces for Pipe line trenches should be executed using road cutting machines only.

Further details may be had from this office during the office hours on all working days.

Corrigendum/Addendum/Modification/corrections, if any, will be published in the Web site only.

Executive Engineer (NW)-1

Bangalore Water Supply & Sewerage Board

West of Chord road, 2nd Stage,

Bangalore - 560086.

e-mail:eenw@bwssb.gov.in

Tel No.080-23491123

SECTION 2:
INSTRUCTIONS TO TENDERERS (ITT)
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A. General

1. Scope of Tender

The Executive Engineer – North West -1 division (Referred to as Employer in these documents) invites tenders from eligible tenderers, for the **"**providing & laying 300mm dia MS line in Tumkur road outer ring road from Godrej providing and laying 100mm and 150mm dia DI pipe line at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division"

(As defined in these documents and referred to as "the works") detailed in the Table given in the Invitation for Tenders (IFT). The tenderers may submit tenders for any or all of the works detailed in the table given in IFT.

2. Eligible Tenderers

2.1 Tenderers shall not be under a declaration of ineligibility for corrupt and fraudulent practices issued by the Government of Karnataka

2.2 Tenders from Joint ventures are not acceptable.

3. Qualification of the Tenderer:

[All Tenderers shall upload to the Karnataka Public Procurement portal https://kppp.karnataka.gov.in the requested information accurately and in sufficient detail as also the requested documents as stipulated in Section 3: Qualification information]

3.1 All tenderers shall provide the requested information accurately and in sufficient detail in Section 3: Form of Tender and Qualification information.

3.2. **The Eligibility criterion for the above works is as follows:**

3.2.1 To qualify for award of this contract, each tenderer in its name should have in the last five years i.e. 2020-21 to 2024-2025.

3.2.2 Contractors should have Civil contractor registration in BWSSB or KPWD / KUWSDB,etc

3.2.3 The Tenderer Should have in the last 5 years period achieved in at least two financial year a minimum annual financial turn over of rupees not less than the estimated cost under this contract i.e Rs.94.24 laks (Profit and loss account, Balance sheet

certified/Audited by charted Acountant) along with UDIN No. to be submitted, which is mandatory.

- On all financial certificates the **UDIN** No. (Unique Document Identification Number) is mandatory.

3.2.4 The tenderer should have satisfactorily completed similar work to an extent of 50% of the cost of the work. i.e Rs.47.12 lakhs

3.2.5 Liquid assets and or availability of credit facilities usually 30% of the amount of contract of **Rs.28.27** lakhs as per format of KTPP Act.

3.2.6 Assessed Available tender capacity (A*N*2.5-B).

where

A = Maximum value of civil engineering works executed in any one year during the last five years (updated to **2024-25** price level) taking into account the completed as well as works in progress.

N = Number of years prescribed for completion of the works for which tenders are invited.

3.2.7 The tenderer should have executed in any one year the following minimum quantities of work usually 80% of the annual requirement i.e 150mm dia DI & above – 1670 mtr & above

3.2.8 The rates quoted in the tender offer shall be by considering the benefits of concession rate of Central Sales Tax (for all interstate procurement of materials only) as per section *(1) of the CST Act, 1956. Necessary Form C will be issued by Board. After implementation of GST if this clause is removed then bidder consider to the latest amendment.

3.2.9 The rates quoted should be inclusive of Third party inspection charges and applicable taxes that will be recovered from the bills. Third party will be nominated by BWSSB.

3.2.10 Each tenderer should further demonstrate (a) availability by owning at least 50% of the required / specified key and critical equipment for this work and (b) the remaining 50% can be deployed on lease/hire basis for all works provided, the relevant documents (commitment agreements etc) for availability for this work are to be furnished especially for the Crane.

3.2.11 **Form of tender** is mandatory to upload in KPPP portal.

3.2.12 *The rates are based on CSR & is exclusive of GST*

Note: *The statements showing the value of existing commitments and on-going works as well as the stipulated period of completion remaining for each of the works listed should be countersigned by the Employer in charge, not below the rank of an Executive Engineer or equivalent*.*

3.3 Even though the tenderers meet the above criteria, they are subject to be disqualified if they have:

- made misleading or false representations in the forms, statements and attachments submitted in proof of the qualification requirements; and/or
- record of poor performance such as abandoning the works, not properly completing the contract, inordinate delays in completion, litigation history, or financial failures etc.; and/or
- Participated in the previous Tender for the same work and had quoted unreasonably high tender prices and could not furnish rational justification.

3.4 Site visit:

The Tenderer at his own responsibility and risk is encouraged to visit and examine the Site of Works and its surroundings and obtain all information that may be necessary for preparing the Tender and entering into a contract for construction of the Works. The cost of visiting the Site shall be at the Tenderer's own expense

B. Tender documents

4. Content of Tender documents

4.1 The set of tender documents shall have all the Sections given in Page 2:

4.2 The tender documents are available online on the website http://kppp.karnataka.gov.in. The tender documents can be **downloaded free of cost.**

5. Amendment of Tender documents

5.1 Before the deadline for submission of tenders, the Employer may modify the tender documents by issuing addenda/corrigendum which shall be posted on the e-procurement portal https://kppp.karnatka.gov.in and efforts would be made to send e-mail communications to all the registered tenderers.

5.2 Any addendum thus issued shall be part of the tender documents and shall be notified as addendum/corrigendum in the e-procurement portal, which shall be binding on all the prospective tenderers.

5.3 To give prospective Tenderers reasonable time in which to take an addendum into account in preparing their tenders, the Employer shall extend as necessary the deadline for submission of tenders, in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.2 below. This shall be notified in the e-procurement portal.

C. Preparation of Tenders

6. Documents comprising the Tender

6.1 a) The tender submitted in e-procurement by the Tenderer shall contain the documents as follows:

(a) Scanned copies of Qualification Information as per formats given in Section 3;
(b) The form of Tender (in the format indicated in Section 4)
(c) Priced Bill of Quantities shall be quote in e-procurement portal only.

& any other materials required be completing and submitting by Tenderers in accordance with these instructions. The documents listed under Sections 3, 4, 6 and 9 shall be filled in without exception.

b) Tenderers submitting tenders together with other contracts stated in the IFT to form a package will so indicate in the tender together with any discounts offered for the award of more than one contract

7. Tender prices

7.1 The contract shall be for the whole works as described in Sub-Clause 1.1, based on the priced Bill of Quantities submitted by the Tenderer in online.

7.2 The bidder shall make online entries to fill in the unit rates in figures for all items of the Works described in the Bill of Quantities, the system will automatically convert the unit rates mentioned in figures to words and also calculate the amount of that item as well as the total bid value**. *Items for which no rate is entered by the bidder will not be paid for by the Employer when executed and shall be deemed covered by the other rates and prices in the Bill of Quantities.***

7.3 All duties, taxes, and other levies payable by the contractor under the contract, or
for any other cause, shall be included in the rates, prices and total Tender Price submitted by the Tenderer.

7.4 The rates and prices quoted by the Tenderer shall be fixed for the duration of the contract and shall not be subject to adjustment on any account.

[The tenderer shall complete the Contractor's tender using the Form as given in Section 4. The completed Contractor's Tender shall be uploaded through the procurement portal]

8. Tender validity

8.1 Tenders shall remain valid for a period not less than ninety days after the deadline date for tender submission specified in Clause 12. A tender valid for a shorter period shall be rejected by the Employer as non-responsive.

8.2 In exceptional circumstances, prior to expiry of the original time limit, the Employer may request that the Tenderers may extend the period of validity for a specified additional period. The request and the Tenderers' responses shall be made in writing or by cable or e-mail. A Tenderer may refuse the request without forfeiting his earnest money deposit. A Tenderer agreeing to the request will not be required or permitted to modify his tender, but will be required to extend the validity of his earnest money deposit for a period of the extension, and in compliance with Clause 9 in all respects.

9. Tender Processing Fee and Earnest money deposit

9.1 The Tenderers are required to pay (in the method as detailed in ITT Clause 9) as a part of his tender, the requisite tender processing fee as per details available on the e-procurement portal. The tenderers shall also furnish, as part of his tender, earnest money deposit in the amount as shown in column 4 of the Table of IFT for this particular work. This earnest money deposit amount should be made in full in the method as detailed in ITT Clause 9.2.The details of payment of tender processing fee and earnest money deposit shall be filled in the Form given in Section 4 and uploaded along with tender.

9.2 The tender processing fee and the tender security as specified in the Table of IFB shall be denominated in Indian Rupees and shall be paid in the e-procurement portal using any of the following payment modes:
-Credit Card
-Direct Debit
-National Electronic Funds Transfer (NEFT) (offline Payment)

9.3 The tenders of those tenderers who have not paid the tender processing fee as well as earnest money deposit as detailed in Clause 9.2 of the ITT will be rejected by the system and tenderers would not be able to submit their tenders. Any tender not accompanied by an acceptable earnest money deposit and not secured as indicated in Sub-Clauses 9.1 9.2 and 9.3 above shall be rejected by the Employer as non-responsive.

9.4 The earnest money deposit of unsuccessful Tenderers will be returned within 30 days of the end of the tender validity period specified in Sub-Clause 8.1.

9.5 The earnest money deposit of the successful Tenderer will be discharged when the Tenderer has signed the Agreement and furnished the required Performance Security.

9.6 The earnest money deposit may be forfeited:

(a) If the Tenderer withdraws the Tender after tender opening during the period of tender validity;

(b) If the Tenderer does not accept the correction of the Tender Price, pursuant to Clause 19; or

(c) In the case of a successful Tenderer, if the Tenderer fails within the specified time limit to

(i) Sign the Agreement; or

(ii) Furnish the required Security deposit

10. Format and signing of Tender

Tenderer shall submit the Bid electronically before the submission date and time published in Karnataka public procurement portal.

D. Submission of Tenders

11. Tendering through E-procurement system :

11.1 The Tenderer should submit the tenders through Karnataka public procurement portal. No other modes of submission are permitted. The tendering is through website https://kppp.karnataka.gov.in . Detailed guidelines for viewing of tenders and submission of online tenders are given in the website. The prospective tenderers can submit their tender online. However the tenderers are required to have enrolment/registration in the web site and should have valid Digital Signature Certificate (DSC). The DSC can be obtained from any authorized certifying agencies as given in the Karnataka public procurement portal. The tenderers should register in the web site https://kppp.karnataka.gov.in. After this, the tenderers can log in the site through the secured login.

11.2 **The tenderers are requested to go through the tender documents carefully and submit the required information and documents without exception to avoid risk of rejection of tenders.**

11.3 The tenders shall submit online all the requirements. All the documents are to be signed digitally by the tenderer. After electronic online tender submission, the system generates a unique tender reference number which is time stamped. This shall be treated as acknowledgement of tender submission.

12. Deadline for submission of the Tenders

12.1 Tenders must be submitted/uploaded no later than 17.30 hours on . The e-procurement platform will not accept the tenders after the stipulated date and time (as per the clock of the e-procurement platform)

12.2 The Employer may extend the deadline for submission of tenders by issuing an amendment in accordance with Clause 5, in which case all rights and obligations of the Employer and the Tenderers previously subject to the original deadline will then be subject to the new deadline. The amendment/notification shall be notified in the e-procurement platform.

13. Late Tenders

13.1 Tenders cannot be uploaded by the tenderers after the deadline for submission/uploading of tenders (as per the clock of the e-procurement platform) prescribed by the Employer.

14. Modification and Withdrawal of Tenders

14.1 In the **"My Bids"** section of the e-procurement portal, the tenderers can view the status of their tenders and decrypt tender(i.e. in cases where the Tenderer has chosen to encrypt the tender using his own public key) for modification or withdrawal before the stipulated date and time for submission/ uploading.

14.2 Tenderers may cancel/modify their tenders before the deadline for submission of the tenders.

14.3 For modification of tenders, the tenderers need not make any additional payment towards the cost of tendering process. For tender modification and consequent re-submission, the tenderer is required to cancel his bid submitted earlier (only the financial is cancelled. All the uploaded documents would be there). The last modified

tender submitted by the tenderer within the tender submission time shall be considered as the tender. **For this purpose, modifications/withdrawal by other means will not be accepted**. In online system of tender submission, the modification/cancellations is allowed any number of times. The tenderers may cancel its bid by clicking on the cancel button in the MY Bids Section before the deadline for submission of tenders, however if the tender is cancelled and not resubmitted within the stipulated time on the last date of submission of tenders, it would deemed to be withdrawn.

14.4 No tender may be modified/ cancelled online after the deadline for submission of tenders.

14.5 Withdrawal or modification of a Tender between the deadline for submission of Tenders and the expiration of the original period of Tender validity specified in Clause 8.1 above or as extended pursuant to Clause 8.2 is not allowed in the e-procurement system. If the tenderer does the same through any other medium, then it may result in the forfeiture of the earnest money deposit pursuant to Clause 9.

E. Tender opening and evaluation

15. Opening of Technical portion of Tenders and evaluation to determine qualified Tenderers:

15.1 The Employer will open the Technical details of all the Tenders received (except those withdrawn), including modifications made pursuant to Clause 14, in the presence of the Tenderers or their representatives who choose to attend at 00.00.2024 ***15.00*** hours on the date and the place specified in Clause 12. In the event of the specified date of Tender opening being declared a holiday for the Employer, the Tenders will be opened at the appointed time and location on the next working day.

15.2 WITHDRAWAL proposal submitted pursuant to clause 14 shall be read out first and their bids shall not be opened.

15.3 The Tenderers names, the presence or absence of earnest money deposit (amount, format and validity), the submission of qualification information and such other information as the Employer may consider appropriate will be announced by the Employer at the opening.

15.4 The Employer shall prepare minutes of the Tender opening, including the information disclosed to those present in accordance with Sub-Clause 15.3.

15.5 The Price Tenders of all the Tenderers including modifications for financial tenders cannot be opened as this is programmed to open later after evaluation of the Technical details of the participating Tenderers.

15.6 The Employer will evaluate and determine whether each tender (a) meets the eligibility criteria defined in ITT Clause 2; (b) is accompanied by the required earnest money deposit as per stipulations in ITT Clause and (c) meets the minimum qualification criteria stipulated in ITT Clause 3. The Employer will draw out a list of qualified Tenderers.

16. Opening of Price Tender of qualified Tenderers and evaluation:

16.1 The Employer will inform all the Qualified Tenderers the time, date and venue fixed for the opening of the price Tenders. The Employer will open the price tender of Qualified Tenderers at the appointed time and date in the presence of the Tenders or their representatives who choose to attend. In the event of the specified date of Price tender opening being declared a holiday for the Employer, the price tenders will be opened at the appointed time and location on the next working day.

16.2 Deleted.

16.3 The Tenderers' names, the Tender prices, the total amount of each Tender, any discounts, and withdrawals, and such other details as the Employer may consider appropriate, will be announced by the Employer at the opening. No Tender shall be rejected at Tender opening.

16.4 The Employer shall prepare minutes of the Price Tender opening, including the information disclosed to those present in accordance with Sub-Clause 16.3.

17. Process to be confidential

17.1 Information relating to the examination, clarification, evaluation, and comparison of Tenders and recommendations for the award of a contract shall not be disclosed to Tenderers or any other persons not officially concerned with such process until the award to the successful Tenderer has been announced. Any effort by a Tenderer to influence the Employer's processing of Tenders or award decisions may result in the rejection of his Tender.

18 Clarification of Tenders

18.1 To assist in the examination, evaluation, and comparison of Tenders, the Employer may, at his discretion, ask any Tenderer for clarification of his Tender, including breakdowns of unit rates. The request for clarification and the response shall be in writing or by cable, but no change in the price or substance of the Tender shall be sought, offered, or permitted.

18.2 Subject to sub-clause 23.1, no Tenderer shall contact the Employer on any matter relating to its Tender from the time of the Tender opening to the time the contract is awarded. If the Tenderer wishes to bring additional information to the notice of the Employer, it should do so by uploading on the e-procurement portal.

18.3 Any effort by the Tenderer to influence the Employer in the Employer's Tender evaluation, Tender comparison or contract award decisions may result in the rejection of the Tenderers' Tender.

19. Examination of Tenders and determination of responsiveness

19.1 Prior to the detailed evaluation of Tenders, the Employer will determine whether each Tender; (a)meets the eligibility criteria defined in Clause 2; and; (b) has been properly signed (c)is accompanied by the required earnest money deposit and substantially responsive to the requirements of the Tender documents.

19.2 A substantially responsive Tender is one which conforms to all the terms, conditions, and specifications of the Tender documents, without material deviation or reservation. A material deviation or reservation is one (a) which affects in any substantial way the scope, quality, or performance of the Works; (b) which limits in any substantial way, inconsistent with the Tender documents, the Employer's rights or the Tenderer's obligations under the Contract; or (c) whose rectification would affect unfairly the competitive position of other Tenderers presenting substantially responsive Tenders.

19.3 If a Tender is not substantially responsive, it will be rejected by the Employer, and may not subsequently be made responsive by correction or withdrawal of the nonconforming deviation or reservation.

20. Correction of errors: Deleted

21. Evaluation and comparison of Tenders

21.1 The Employer will evaluate and compare only the Tenders determined to be substantially responsive in accordance with Clause 19.

21.2 In evaluating the Tenders, the Employer will determine for each Tender the evaluated Tender Price by adjusting the Tender Price as follows:

(a) Deleted

(b) Making appropriate adjustments to reflect discounts or other price modifications offered in accordance with Sub Clause 14.5.

21.3 The Employer reserves the right to accept or reject any variation, deviation, or alternative offer. Variations, deviations, and alternative offers and other factors which are in excess of the requirements of the Tender documents or otherwise result in unsolicited benefits for the Employer shall not be taken into account in Tender evaluation.

21.4 Deleted

21.5 If the tender of the successful tenderer is seriously unbalanced in relation to the Employer's estimate of the cost of the work to be performed under the contract, the Employer may require the Tenderer to produce detailed price analysis for any or all items of the Bill of Quantities, to demonstrate the internal consistency of those prices with the construction methods and schedule proposed. After evaluation of the price analyses, the Employer may require that the amount of the performance security set forth in Clause 25.1 be increased at the expense of the successful Tenderer to a level sufficient to protect the Employer against financial loss in the event of default of the successful under the contract.

F. Award of Contract

22. Award criteria

22.1 Subject to Clause 24, the Employer will award the Contract to the Tenderer whose Tender has been determined to be substantially responsive to the Tender documents and who has offered the lowest evaluated Tender Price, provided that such Tenderer has been determined to be (a) eligible in accordance with the provisions of Clause 2, and (b) qualified in accordance with the provisions of Clause 3.

23. Employer's right to accept any Tender and to reject any or all Tenders

23.1 Notwithstanding Clause 22, the Employer reserves the right to accept or reject any Tender, and to cancel the Tender process and reject all Tenders, at any time prior to the award of Contract, without thereby incurring any liability to the affected Tenderer or Tenderers or any obligation to inform the affected Tenderer or Tenderers of the grounds for the Employer's action.

24. Notification of award and signing of Agreement

24.1 The Tenderer whose Tender has been accepted will be notified of the award by the Employer prior to expiration of the Tender validity period by cable, telex, e-mail or facsimile confirmed by registered letter. This letter [*hereinafter and in the Conditions of Contract called the "Letter of Acceptance"]* will state the sum that the Employer will pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution, completion, and maintenance of the Works by the Contractor as prescribed by the Contract [*hereinafter and in the Contract called the "Contract Price"].*

24.2 The notification of award will constitute the formation of the Contract, subject only to the furnishing of Security deposit in accordance with the provisions of Clause 25.

24.3 The Agreement will incorporate all agreements between the Employer and the successful Tenderer. It will be kept ready for signature of the successful Tenderer in the office of Employer within 30 days following the notification of award along with the Letter of Acceptance. Within 20 days of receipt, the successful Tenderer will sign the Agreement and deliver it to the Employer.

24.4 Upon the furnishing by the successful Tenderer of the Performance Security, the Employer will promptly notify the other Tenderers that their Tenders have been unsuccessful.

25. Security deposit

25.1 Within 20 days of receipt of the Letter of Acceptance, the successful Tenderer shall deliver to the Employer a Security deposit in any of the forms given below for an amount equivalent to 5% of the Contract price plus additional security for unbalanced tenders in accordance with Clause 21.5 of ITT and Clause 37 of the Conditions of Contract. :

Cash or Banker’s cheque/Demand draft,/Pay Order in favour of Chairman, BWSSB, from a Nationalized / Scheduled Indian Bank Payable at Bangalore

- A bank guarantee from a Nationalized / Scheduled Indian Bank in the form given in Section 10; or
- Specified Small Savings Instruments pledged to BWSSB

25.2 The security deposit if furnished in cash or demand draft can, if requested, be converted to interest bearing securities at the cost of the contractor.

25.3 Failure of the successful Tenderer to comply with the requirements of Sub-Clause 25.1 shall constitute sufficient grounds for cancellation of the award and forfeiture of the Earnest money deposit.

26. Corrupt or Fraudulent practices

26.1 The GOK requires that the Tenderers/Suppliers/Contractors, observe the highest standard of ethics during the procurement and execution of such contracts. In pursuance of this policy, GOK :

(a) will reject a proposal for award if it determines that the Tenderer recommended for award has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for the contract in question;

(b) will declare a firm ineligible, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time, to be awarded a GOK contract if it at any time determines that the firm has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for, or in executing, a GOK contract.

26.2 Furthermore, Tenderers shall be aware of the provision stated in sub-clause 43.2 of the Conditions of Contract.

SECTION 3: QUALIFICATION INFORMATION

TABLE OF FORMS:

- **FORM OF TENDER**
- **QUALIFICATION INFORMATION**
- **LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE**
- **NOTICE TO PROCEED WITH THE WORK**
- **AGREEMENT**

Form of Tender

Description of the Works: Tender for the Work of providing and laying 100mm and 150mm dia DI pipe line at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division.

Tender to: **Executive Engineer (NW)-1**
Bangalore Water Supply & Sewerage Board
West of Chord road, 2nd Stage,
Bangalore -560086

Sir,

We offer to execute the Works described above in accordance with the Conditions of Contract accompanying this Tender for the Contract Price as indicated in the Price ..... [*in figures*] (.....)[*in letters*].

This Tender and your written acceptance of it shall constitute a binding contract between us. We understand that you are not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender you receive.

We undertake that, in competing for (and, if the award is made to us, in executing) the above contract, we will strictly observe the laws against fraud and corruption in force in India namely "Prevention of Corruption Act 1988".

We hereby confirm that this Tender complies with the Tender validity and Earnest money deposit required by the Tender documents.

We attach herewith our current income-tax clearance certificate.

Yours faithfully,

Authorized Signature:

Name & Title of Signatory:

_____

Name of Tenderer _____

Address: ----------

Note: [This Form has to be duly completed, signed and uploaded on the e-procurement portal} Disclosure of financial bid will be treated as non-responsive

Qualification Information

The Tenderer shall carefully fill in the herein required information completely and upload all the documents as requested in complete form. The information to be filled in by the Tenderer hereunder will be used for purposes of determining the Tenderer's eligibility to tender, to determine his capacity to perform the contract as provided for in Clause 3 of the Instructions to Tenderers. Incomplete and insufficient furnishing of information and not uploading the requested documents may result in rejection of the Tender. This information will not be incorporated in the Contract.

1.1 Constitution or legal status of Tenderer [*Attach copy*]

Place of Registration

_____ [*Attach copy*]

Principal place of business:

_____

1.2 Total value of civil engineering construction 2020 - 21[1]
3

works executed and payments received in the 2021 – 22

last five years (in Rs. Lakhs) 2022 – 23

2023 – 24

2024 – 25

P & L certified by the Chartered accounted

[1]

1.3 Information on works for which Tenders have been submitted and works which
are yet to be completed as on the date of this Tender.

(A) Existing commitments and on-going works:

Description of Work	Place& State	Contract No. & Date	Name and Address of Employer	Value of Contract (Rs. lakhs)	Stipulated period of completion	Value of works[15] remaining to be completed (Rs. lakhs)	Anticipated date completion
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

(B) Works for which Tenders already submitted:

Description of Work	Place & State	Name and Address of Employer	Estimated value of works (Rs. lakhs)	Stipulated Date period of completion	when decision is expected	Remarks if any
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

1.4. Name, address, and telephone, telex, and fax numbers of the Tenderers' bankers who may provide references if contacted by the Employer

NOTE: The following Forms mentioned below are for the information of the Tenderer. It is not to be completed and uploaded by the Tenderer on the e-procurement portal

Letter of Acceptance

(letterhead paper of the Employer)

1

_____[date]

To:_____
_[name and address of the Contractor]

Dear Sirs,

This is to notify you that your Tender dated _____ for execution of the _____ _____ [name of the contract and identification number, as given in the Instructions to Tenderers] for the Contract Price of Rupees ——_____ (_____) [amount in words and figures], as corrected and modified in accordance with the Instructions to Tenderers is hereby accepted by our Agency.

You are hereby requested to furnish Security deposit, in the form detailed in Para 25.1 of ITT for an amount of Rs.——————— within 20 days of the receipt of this letter of acceptance valid up to 30 days from the date of expiry of Defects Liability Period i.e. up to ..... and sign the contract, failing which action as stated in Para 25.3 of ITT will be taken.

Yours faithfully,

Authorized Signature

Name and Title of Signatory

Name of Agency

Issue of Notice to proceed with the work

(letterhead of the Employer)

——————— (date)

To

——————————————————— (name and address of the Contractor)

———————————————————

Dear Sirs:

Pursuant to your furnishing the requisite security deposit as stipulated in ITT Clause 24.1 and signing of the contract agreement for the construction of ———[1] Tender Price of Rs.———————, you are hereby instructed to proceed with the execution of the said works in accordance with the contract documents.

Yours faithfully,

(Signature, name and title of signatory authorized to sign on behalf of Employer)

Agreement Form

Agreement

This agreement, made the _____day of _____20_____, between_____ _____[name and address of Employer]

_____

[1]

(hereinafter called “the Employer”) of the one part and _____

_____

_____

[name and address of contractor] (hereinafter called “the Contractor”) of the other part.

Whereas the Employer is desirous that the Contractor execute _____

_____

_____[name and identification number of Contract] (hereinafter called “the Works”) and the Employer has accepted the Tender by the Contractor for the execution and completion of such Works and the remedying of any defects therein at a contract price of Rupees.....

NOW THIS AGREEMENT WITNESSETH as follows:

1. In this Agreement, words and expression shall have the same meanings as are respectively assigned to them in the Conditions of Contract hereinafter referred to, and they shall be deemed to form and be read and construed as part of this Agreement.
2. In consideration of the payments to be made by the Employer to the Contractor as hereinafter mentioned, the Contractor hereby covenants with the Employer to execute and complete the Works and remedy any defects therein in conformity in all aspects with the provisions of the Contract.
3. The Employer hereby covenants to pay the Contractor in consideration of the execution and completion of the Works and the remedying the defects wherein the Contract Price or such other sum as may become payable under the provisions of the Contract at the times and in the manner prescribed by the Contract.
4. The following documents shall be deemed to form and be read and construed as part of this Agreement, viz:
   - i) Letter of Acceptance;
   - ii) Notice to proceed with the works;
   - iii) Contractor’s Tender;
   - iv) Contract Data;
   - v) Conditions of contract (including Special Conditions of Contract);
   - vi) Specifications;
   - vii) Drawings;
   - viii) Bill of Quantities; and
   - ix) Any other document listed in the Contract Data as forming part of the contract.

In witness whereof the parties thereto have caused this Agreement to be executed the day and year first before written.

The Common Seal of _____

was hereunto affixed in the presence of:

Signed, Sealed and Delivered by the said _____
in the presence of:
Binding Signature of Employer
_____
Binding Signature of Contractor
_____

SECTION 4: CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

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Conditions of Contract
A. General

1. Definitions

1.1 Terms which are defined in the Contract Data are not also defined in the Conditions of Contract but keep their defined meanings. Bold letters are used to identify defined terms.

Bill of Quantities means the priced and completed Bill of Quantities forming part of the Tender.

Compensation events are those defined in Clause 38 hereunder.

The **Completion Date** is the date of completion of the Works as certified by the Employer in accordance with Sub Clause 46.1.

The **Contract** is the contract between the Employer and the Contractor to execute, complete and maintain the Works. It consists of the documents listed in Clause 2.2 below.

The **Contract Data** defines the documents and other information which comprise the Contract.

The **Contractor** is a person or corporate body whose Tender to carry out the Works has been accepted by the Employer.

The **Contractor's Tender** is the completed Tender document submitted by the Contractor to the Employer.

The **Contract price** is the price stated in the Letter of Acceptance and thereafter as adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

Days are calendar days; months are calendar months.

A **Defect** is any part of the Works not completed in accordance with the Contract.

The **Defects liability period** is the period named in the Contract Data and calculated from the Completion Date.

The **Employer** is the party who will employ the Contractor to carry out the Works.

Equipment is the Contractor's machinery and vehicles brought temporarily to the Site to construct the Works.

The **Initial Contract price** is the Contract Price listed in the Employer's Letter of Acceptance.

The **Intended Completion Date** is the date on which it is intended that the Contractor shall complete the Works. The Intended Completion Date is specified in the Contract Data. The Intended Completion Date may be revised only by the Employer by issuing an extension of time.

Materials are all supplies, including consumables, used by the contractor for incorporation in the Works.

Plant is any integral part of the Works which is to have a mechanical, electrical, electronic or chemical or biological function.

The **Site** is the area defined as such in the Contract Data.

Specification means the Specification of the Works included in the Contract and any modification or addition made or approved by the Employer.

The **Start Date** is given in the Contract Data. It is the date when the Contractor shall commence execution of the works. It does not necessarily coincide with any of the Site Possession Dates.

A **Subcontractor** is a person or corporate body who has a Contract with the Contractor to carry out a part of the work in the Contract which includes work on the Site.

A **Variation** is an instruction given by the Employer which varies the Works.

The **Works** are what the Contract requires the Contractor to construct, install, and turn over to the Employer, as defined in the Contract Data.

2. Interpretation

2.1 In interpreting these Conditions of Contract, singular also means plural, male also means female or neuter, and the other way around. Headings have no significance. Words have their normal meaning under the language of the Contract unless specifically defined. The Employer will provide instructions clarifying queries about the Conditions of Contract.

2.2 The documents forming the Contract shall be interpreted in the following order of priority:

(1) Agreement

(2) Letter of Acceptance, notice to proceed with the works
(3) Contractor’s Tender
(4) Contract Data
(5) Conditions of Contract
(6) Specifications
(7) Drawings
(8) Bill of quantities and
(9) Any other document listed in the Contract Data as forming part of the Contract.

3. Law governing contract

3.1 The law governing the Contract is the Laws of India supplanted by the Karnataka Local Acts.

4. Employer's decisions

4.1 Except where otherwise specifically stated, the Employer will decide contractual matters between the Employer and the Contractor.

5. Delegation

5.1 The Employer may delegate any of his duties and responsibilities to other people after notifying the Contractor and may cancel any delegation after notifying the Contractor.

6. Communications

6.1 Communications between parties which are referred to in the conditions are effective only when in writing. A notice shall be effective only when it is delivered (in terms of Indian Contract Act).

7. Subcontracting

7.1 The Contractor may subcontract with the approval of the Employer but may not assign the Contract without the approval of the Employer in writing. Subcontracting does not alter the Contractor's obligations

8. Other Contractors

8.1 The Contractor shall cooperate and share the Site with other contractors, public authorities, utilities, and the Employer.

9. Personnel

9.1 The Contractor shall employ the technical personnel [*of number and qualifications]* as may be stipulated by GOK from time to time during the execution of the work. The technical staff so employed shall be available at site as may be stipulated by the Employer.

9.2 If the Employer asks the Contractor to remove a person who is a member of the Contractor's staff or his work force stating the reasons, the Contractor shall ensure that the person leaves the Site within seven days and has no further connection with the work in the Contract.

10. Employer's and Contractor's risks

10.1 The Employer carries the risks which this Contract states are Employer's risks, and the Contractor carries the risks which this Contract states are Contractor's risks.

11. Employer's risks

11.1 The Employer is responsible for the expected risks which are (a) in so far as rebellion, riot commotion or disorder or (b) a cause due solely to the design of the works, other than the Contractor's design.

12. Contractor's risks

12.1 All risks of loss of or damage to physical property and of personal injury and death which arise during and in consequence of the performance of the Contract other than the excepted risks are the responsibility of the Contractor.

13. Queries about the Contract Data

13.1 The Employer will clarify queries on the Contract Data.

14. Contractor to construct the Works

14.1 The Contractor shall construct the Works in accordance with the Specification and Drawings.

15. The Works to be completed by the Intended Completion Date

15.1 The Contractor may commence execution of the Works on the Start Date and shall carry out the Works in accordance with the program submitted by the Contractor, as updated with the

approval of the Employer, and complete them by the Intended Completion Date.

16. Safety

16.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for the safety of all activities on the Site.

17. Discoveries

17.1 Anything of historical or other interest or of significant value unexpectedly discovered on the Site is the property of the Employer. The Contractor is to notify the Employer of such discoveries and carry out the Employer's instructions for dealing with them.

18. Possession of the Site

18.1 The Employer shall give possession of all parts of the Site to the Contractor. If possession of a part is not given by the date stated in the Contract Data the Employer is deemed to have delayed the start of the relevant activities and this will be Compensation Event.

19. Access to the Site

19.1 The Contractor shall allow the Employer and any person authorized by the Employer access to the Site, to any place where work in connection with the Contract is being carried out or is intended to be carried out and to any place where materials or plant are being manufactured / fabricated / assembled for the works.

20. Instructions

20.1 The Contractor shall carry out all instructions of the Employer which comply with the applicable laws where the Site is located.

B. Time Control

21. Program

21.1 Within the time stated in the Contract Data the Contractor shall submit to the Employer for approval a Program showing the general methods, arrangements, order, and timing for all the activities in the Works.

21.2 The Employer's approval of the Program shall not alter the Contractor's obligations. The Contractor may revise the Program and submit it to the Employer again at any time. A

revised Program is to show the effect of Variations and Compensation Events.

22. Extension of the Intended Completion Date

22.1 The Employer shall extend the Intended Completion Date if a Compensation Event occurs or a Variation is issued which makes it impossible for Completion to be achieved by the Intended Completion Date.

22.2 The Employer shall decide whether and by how much to extend the Intended Completion Date within 21 days of the Contractor asking the Employer for a decision upon the effect of a Compensation Event or Variation and submitting full supporting information.

23. Delays ordered by the Employer

23.1 The Employer may instruct the Contractor to delay the start or progress of any activity within the Works.

24. Management meetings

24.1 The Employer may require the Contractor to attend a management meeting. The business of a management meeting shall be to review the progress achieved and the plans for remaining work.

24.2 The responsibility of the parties for actions to be taken is to be decided by the Employer either at the management meeting or after the management meeting and stated in writing to be distributed to all who attended the meeting.

C. Quality Control

25. Identifying defects

25.1 The Employer shall check the Contractor's work and notify the Contractor of any Defects that are found. Such checking shall not affect the Contractor's responsibilities. The Employer may instruct the Contractor to search for a Defect and to uncover and test any work that the Employer considers may have a Defect

26. Tests

26.1 If the Employer instructs the Contractor to carry out a test not specified in the Specification to check whether any work has a Defect and the test shows that it does, the Contractor shall pay

for the test and any samples. If there is no Defect the test shall be a Compensation Event.

27. Correction of defects

27.1 The Employer shall give notice to the Contractor of any Defects before the end of the Defects Liability Period, which begins at Completion and is defined in the Contract Data. The Defects Liability Period shall be extended for as long as Defects remain to be corrected.

27.2 Every time notice of a Defect is given, the Contractor shall correct the notified Defect within the length of time specified by the Employer's notice.

28. Uncorrected defects

28.1 If the Contractor has not corrected a Defect within the time specified in the Employer's notice, the Employer will assess the cost of having the Defect corrected, and the Contractor will pay this amount.

1

2 D. Cost Control

29. Bill of Quantities (BOQ)

29.1 The BOQ shall contain items for the construction, installation, testing, and commissioning work to be done by the Contractor.

29.2 The BOQ is used to calculate the Contract Price. The Contractor is paid for the quantity of the work done at the rate in the BOQ for each item

30. Variations

30.1 The Employer shall have power to order the Contractor to do any or all of the following as considered necessary or advisable during the progress of the work by him

(a) Increase or decrease of any item of work included in the Bill of Quantities (BOQ);
(b) Omit any item of work;
(c) Change the character or quality or kind of any item of work;
(d) Change the levels, lines, positions and dimensions of any part of the work;
(e) Execute additional items of work of any kind necessary for the completion of the works; and
(f) Change in any specified sequence, methods or timing of construction of any part of the work.

30.2 The Contractor shall be bound to carry out the work in accordance with any instructions in this connection, which may be given to him in writing by the Employer and such alteration shall not vitiate or invalidate the contract.

30.3 Variations shall not be made by the Contractor without an order in writing by the Employer, provided that no order in writing shall be required for increase or decrease in the quantity of an item appearing in the BOQ so long as the work executed conforms to the approved drawings.

30.4 The Contractor shall promptly request in writing the Employer to confirm verbal orders and if no such confirmation is received within 15 days of request, it shall be deemed to be an order in writing by the Employer

31. Payments for Variations

31.1 Payment for increase in the quantities of an item in the BOQ up to 25% of that provided in the Bill of Quantities shall be made at the rates quoted by the Contractor.

31.2 For quantities in excess of 125% of the tendered quantity of an item as given in the BOQ, the Contractor shall be paid at the rate entered in or derived from in the Schedule of Rates (applicable for the area of the work and current at the time of award of contract) plus or minus the overall percentage of the original tendered rates over the current Schedule of Rates prevalent at the time of award of contract.

31.3 If there is no rate for the additional, substituted or altered item of the work in the BOQ, efforts would be made to derive the rates from those given in the BOQ or the Schedule of Rates (applicable for the area of the work and current at the time of award of contract) and if found feasible the payment would be made at the derived rate for the item plus or minus the overall percentage of the original tendered rates over the current Schedule of Rates prevalent at the time of award of contract

31.4 If the rates for additional, substituted or altered item of work cannot be determined either as at 35.1 or 35.2 or 35.3 above, the Contractor shall be requested to submit his quotation for the items supported by analysis of the rate or rates claimed, within 7 days.

31.5 If the Contractor's quotation is determined unreasonable, the Employer may order the Variation and make a change to the Contract Price which shall be based on Employer’s own forecast of the effects of the Variation on the Contractor's costs.

31.6 If the Employer decides that the urgency of varying the work would prevent a quotation being given and considered without delaying the work, no quotation shall be given and the Variation shall be treated as a Compensation Event.

31.7 Under no circumstances the Contractor shall suspend the work on the plea of non-settlement of rates for items falling under this Clause.

32. Submission of bills for payment

32.1 The Contractor shall submit to the Employer monthly bills of the value of the work completed less the cumulative amount paid previously.

32.2 The Employer shall check the Contractor's bill and determine the value of the work executed which shall comprise of (i) value of the quantities of the items in the BOQ completed and (ii) valuation of Variations and Compensation Events.

32.3 The Employer may exclude any item paid in a previous bill or reduce the proportion of any item previously paid in the light of later information.

33. Payments

33.1 Payments shall be adjusted for deductions for advance payments, other recoveries in terms of the contract and taxes, at source, as applicable under the law. The Employer shall pay the Contractor the within 60 days of submission of bill. The Contractor shall be liable to pay liquidated damages for shortfall in progress. For Progress beyond the agreed programme, payment is subject to availability of the grants.

33.2 Items of the Works for which no rate or price has been entered in will not be paid for by the Employer and shall be deemed covered by other rates and prices in the Contract.

a	Supply & stacking at site/sub divisional store :-	60%
b	Laying & Jointing :-	20%
c	Hydraulic testing & commissioning :-	20%

34. Compensation events

34.1 The following are Compensation events unless they are caused by the Contractor:

(a) The Employer does not give access to a part of the Site by the Site Possession Date stated in the Contract Data.

(b) The Employer orders a delay or does not issue drawings, specifications or instructions required for execution of works on time.

(c) The Employer instructs the Contractor to uncover or to carry out additional tests upon work which is then found to have no Defects.

(d) The Employer gives an instruction for dealing with an unforeseen condition, caused by the Employer, or additional work required for safety or other reasons.
(e) The effect on the Contractor of any of the Employer's Risks.
(f) The Employer unreasonably delays issuing a Certificate of Completion.
(g) Other Compensation Events listed in the Contract Data or mentioned in the Contract.

34.2 If a Compensation Event would cause additional cost or would prevent the work being completed before the Intended Completion Date, the Contract Price shall be increased and/or the Intended Completion Date is extended. The Employer shall decide whether and by how much the Contract Price shall be increased and whether and by how much the Intended Completion Date shall be extended.

34.3 As soon as information demonstrating the effect of each Compensation event upon the Contractor's forecast cost has been provided by the Contractor, it is to be assessed by the Employer and the Contract Price shall be adjusted accordingly. If the Contractor's forecast is deemed unreasonable, the Employer shall adjust the Contract Price based on Employer's own forecast. The Employer will assume that the Contractor will react competently and promptly to the event.

34.4 The Contractor shall not be entitled to compensation to the extent that the Employer's interests are adversely affected by the Contractor not having given early warning or not having cooperated with the Employer.

35. Tax

35.1 The rates quoted by the Contractor shall be deemed to be inclusive of the sales and other taxes that the Contractor will have to pay for the performance of this Contract. The Employer will perform such duties in regard to the deduction of such taxes at source as per applicable law.

36. Liquidated damages

36.1 The Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the Employer at the rate per day stated in the Contract Data for each day that the Completion Date is later than the Intended Completion Date (for the whole of the works or the milestone as stated in the Contract Data). The total amount of liquidated damages shall not exceed the amount defined in the Contract Data. The Employer may deduct liquidated damages from payments due to

the Contractor. Payment of liquidated damages does not affect the Contractor's liabilities.

36.2 If the Intended Completion Date is extended after liquidated damages have been paid, the Employer shall correct any overpayment of liquidated damages by the Contractor by adjusting the next payment of bill.

37. Cost of Repairs:

37.1 Loss or damage to the Works or Materials to be incorporated in the Works between the Start Date and the end of the Defects Correction periods shall be remedied by the Contractor at the Contractor's cost if the loss or damage arises from the Contractor's acts or omissions.

E. Finishing the Contract

38. Completion

38.1 The Contractor shall request the Employer to issue a Certificate of Completion of the Works and the Employer will do so upon deciding that the Work is completed.

39. Taking over

39.1 The Employer shall take over the Site and the Works within seven days of issuing a certificate of Completion.

40. Final account

40.1 The Contractor shall supply to the Employer a detailed account of the total amount that the Contractor considers payable under the Contract before the end of the Defects Liability Period. The Employer shall issue a Defect Liability Certificate and certify any final payment that is due to the Contractor within 90 days of receiving the Contractor's account if it is correct and complete. If it is not, the Employer shall issue within 90 days a schedule that states the scope of the corrections or additions that are necessary. If the Final Account is still unsatisfactory after it has been resubmitted, the Employer shall decide on the amount payable to the Contractor and make payment within 60 days of receiving the Contractor’s revised account.

41. As built drawings and /or Operating and Maintenance Manuals

41.1 If "as built"[2] Drawings[17] and/or operating and maintenance manuals are required, the Contractor shall supply them by the dates stated in the Contract Data.

41.2 If the Contractor does not supply the Drawings by the dates stated in the Contract Data, or they do not receive the Employer's approval, the Employer shall withhold the amount stated in the Contract Data from payments due to the Contractor.

42. Termination

42.1 The Employer or the Contractor may terminate the Contract if the other party causes a fundamental breach of the Contract.

42.2 Fundamental breaches of Contract include, but shall not be limited to the following:

(a) The Contractor stops work for 45 days when no stoppage of work is shown on the current Program and the stoppage has not been authorized by the Employer;

(b) The Employer instructs the Contractor to delay the progress of the Works and the instruction is not withdrawn within 60 days;

(c) The Contractor becomes bankrupt or goes into liquidation other than for a reconstruction or amalgamation;

(d) A payment due to the Contractor is not paid by the Employer within 90 days of the date of the submission of the Bill by Contractor;

(e) The Employer gives Notice that failure to correct a particular Defect is a fundamental breach of Contract and the Contractor fails to correct it within a reasonable period of time determined by the Employer;

(f) The Contractor does not maintain a security which is required;

(g) The Contractor has delayed the completion of works by the number of days for which the maximum amount of liquidated damages can be paid as defined in the Contract data; and

(h) If the Contractor, in the judgment of the Employer has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for or in the executing the Contract.

For the purpose of this paragraph : "corrupt practice" means the offering, giving, receiving or soliciting of any thing of value to influence the action of a public official in the procurement

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process or in contract execution. “Fraudulent practice” means a misrepresentation of facts in order to influence a procurement process or the execution of a contract to the detriment of the Borrower, and includes collusive practice among Tenderers (prior to or after Tender submission) designed to establish Tender prices at artificial non-competitive levels and to deprive the Borrower of the benefits of free and open competition.”

42.3 When either party to the Contract gives notice of a breach of contract to the Employer for a cause other than those listed under Sub Clause 49.2 above, the Employer shall decide whether the breach is fundamental or not.

42.4 Notwithstanding the above, the Employer may terminate the Contract for convenience.

42.5 If the Contract is terminated the Contractor shall stop work immediately, make the Site safe and secure and leave the Site as soon as reasonably possible.

43. Payment upon Termination

43.1 If the Contract is terminated because of a fundamental breach of Contract by the Contractor, the Employer shall prepare bill for the value of the work done less advance payments received up to the date of the bill, less other recoveries due in terms of the contract, less taxes due to be deducted at source as per applicable law and less the percentage to apply to the work not completed as indicated in the Contract Data. Additional Liquidated Damages shall not apply. If the total amount due to the Employer exceeds any payment due to the Contractor the difference shall be a debt payable to the Employer.

43.2 If the Contract is terminated at the Employer's convenience or because of a fundamental breach of Contract by the Employer, the Employer shall prepare bill for the value of the work done, the reasonable cost of removal of Equipment, repatriation of the Contractor's personnel employed solely on the Works, and the Contractor's costs of protecting and securing the Works and less advance payments received up to the date of the certificate, less other recoveries due in terms of the contract, and less taxes due to be deducted at source as per applicable law and make payment accordingly.

44. Property

44.1 All materials on the Site, Plant, Equipment, Temporary Works and Works are deemed to be the property of the Employer, if the Contract is terminated because of a Contractor’s default.

45. Release from performance

45.1 If the Contract is frustrated by any event entirely outside the control of either the Employer or the Contractor the Employer shall certify that the Contract has been frustrated. The Contractor shall make the Site safe and stop work as quickly as possible after receiving this certificate and shall be paid for all work carried out before receiving it and for any work carried out afterwards to which commitment was made

F. Special Conditions of Contract

1. Labour :

The Contractor shall, unless otherwise provided in the Contract, make his own arrangements for the engagement of all staff and labour, local or other, and for their payment, housing, feeding and transport.

The Contractor shall, if required by the Employer, deliver to the Employer a return in detail, in such form and at such intervals as the Employer may prescribe, showing the staff and the numbers of the several classes of labour from time to time employed by the Contractor on the Site and such other information as the Employer may require.

2. Compliance with labour regulations:

During continuance of the contract, the Contractor and his sub contractors shall abide at all times by all existing labour enactments and rules made there under, regulations, notifications and bye laws of the State or Central Government or local authority and any other labour law (including rules), regulations, bye laws that may be passed or notification that may be issued under any labour law in future either by the State or the Central Government or the local authority. The Contractor shall keep the Employer indemnified in case any action is taken against the Employer by the competent authority on account of contravention of any of the provisions of any Act or rules made there under, regulations or notifications including amendments. If the Employer is caused to pay or reimburse, such amounts as may be necessary to cause or observe, or for non-observance of the provisions stipulated in the notifications/bye laws/Acts/Rules/regulations including amendments, if any, on the part of the Contractor, Employer shall have the right to deduct any money due to the Contractor including his amount of security deposit. The Employer shall also have right to recover from the Contractor any sum required or estimated to be required for making good the loss or damage suffered by the Employer.

The employees of the Contractor and the Sub-Contractor in no case shall be treated as the employees of the Employer at any point of time.

3. Protection of Environment:

The contractor shall take all reasonable steps to protect the environment on and off the Site and to avoid damage or nuisance to persons or to property of the public or others resulting from pollution, noise or other causes arising as a consequence of his methods of operation. During continuance of the contract, the contractor and his sub-contractors shall abide at all times by all existing enactments on environmental protection and rules made there under, regulations, notifications and bye-laws of the State or Central Government, or local authorities and any other law, bye-law, regulations that may be passed or notification that may be issued in this respect in future by the State or Central Government or the local authority.

SECTION 5: CONTRACT DATA

Items marked "N/A" do not apply in this Contract.

The following documents are also part of the Contract:
Clause Reference

The Employer is: Engineer In Chief
Name:

Address: 2nd floor, Cauvery Bhavan

Name of authorized Representative: Executive Engineer,North West-1 Division 5th main road BehindModi Hospital West of Chord road, 2nd Stage, Bangalore -560086.

The name and identification number of the contract is :
[1.1]
"providing and laying 100mm and 150mm dia DI pipe line at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division

The start date shall be the date of issue of notice to proceed with the work.
[1.1]

The Intended Completion Date for the whole
of the Works is 3 months from date of commencement of the work.[3] [4]
[15, 22]

The following documents also form part of the Contract:
[2.2]

_____
_____

The Site Possession Date is:
[18]

The alignment is located at Vijayanandanagara and surrounding area coming under Nandini layout service station of AEE NW-1 sub-division
[1.1]
and is defined in drawings nos. _____
_____
The Defects Liability Period is 365 days.
[27]
The liquidated damages for the whole of the works is 0.1% per on the valued of the work

[3]
[4]

The maximum amount of liquidated damages for the whole of the works [36]
is ten percent of final contract price.
The date by which "as-built"[5] drawings (in scale …) in 2 sets are required is within 30 days of issue of certificate of completion.
[41]

The amount to be withheld for failing to supply "as built" drawings by the date required is Rs.50,000/-
[41]

The following events shall also be fundamental breach of the contract:
[42.2]
1. The contractor has contravened Sub-clause 7.1 and Clause 9 of CC.

The percentage to apply to the value of the work not completed representing the Employer's additional cost for completing the Works shall be 30 percent. [43.1]

The Executive Engineer
BWSSB North West Division-1,
West of Chord road, 2nd stage,
Bangalore-86

[5]

SECTION 6:

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

WWPL

I GENERAL

1.1 Scope of Work.

The scope of work under this Contract includes the following:

1.1.1 Providing &Laying of DI along with specials.

1.12 Manufacturing, Providing, transporting, testing, laying & commissioning of DI pipeline with allied works.

1.1.3 Earthwork in all kinds of soil, hard rock. The pipeline is to be laid in the developed city roads with traffic

1.1.4 Fixing and connecting all pipelines fixtures like valves, bends, tees and other specials as specified in the construction drawings, construction all appurtenant structures such as pipe supports, valve chambers, thrust blocks, etc.,

1.1.5 Backfilling the trenches, restoring and making good all surfaces which are damaged during excavation.

1.1.6 Dismantling and reconstruction of structures such as culverts, storm water drains, roads etc., and utility lines such as water supply pipe lines, sewer lines coming in the way of the pipeline alignment.

1.1.7 Testing and commissioning of the pipe line after laying.

1.1.8 Maintenance of all the pipelines for 12 months after commissioning. During this period, the contractor has to set right the defect of any kind in the manufacture, laying and jointing of all the pipelines and in the other works in this scope of tender.

1.1.9 All work shall be done as per the specifications. The works shall include providing all materials, equipments, labour, tools, plants, transport etc., and all other services necessary for the complete construction including necessary sub-soil investigations.

1.20 The alignment of the pipeline and other typical details of pipe bedding, valve chambers, thrust blocks, pipe supports, and the general arrangement of reservoir are furnished in Drawings. Further details shall be furnished in the construction drawings during the construction stage if found necessary.

1.2 Royalties

1.2.1 The Employer shall deduct Royalties on materials used in the Works from the progress payments to the Contractor at the rates specified in the most recent “Amendment to the Karnataka Minor Minerals Concession Rules -

1969” as published by the Commerce and Industries Department (Mines) and as illustrated in Annexure-1, attached.

1.3 Site Order Book

1.3.1 The Contractor shall maintain an identical pair of Site Order Books (one marked original and the other marked duplicate), at the Site at all times during the execution of the Works for the use of the Engineer and the Contractor. All instructions issued by the Engineer to the Contractor shall be recorded in both sets of the Site Order Book and shall be signed by the issuer and countersigned by the Contractor. After compliance with the instruction, the Contractor shall record the same in both sets of the Site Order Book duly signed and countersigned by the Engineer. Acceptance of any part of the work executed by the Contractor shall be subject to verification with respect to compliance of respective instructions of the Engineer through the Site Order Book. The Engineer shall retain the original copy of the Site Order Book, while the Contractor shall retain the duplicate one.

1.4 Quarry Materials

1.4.1 The Contractor shall be wholly responsible to identify the suitable sources for quarry materials required for the Works, such as earth, sand, stone, muram, etc., and to make his own arrangements for collection and transportation of the materials irrespective of the leads and lifts required. The quarry thus identified by the Contractor should have proper license from the Government of Karnataka. All materials supplied by the Contractor shall satisfy the requirements set forth in the Specifications and shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. The Contractor shall take this into account while offering his rates and no claims whatsoever shall be entertained for extra costs on this account.

1.5 Inspection and testing

1.5.1 Inspection of Material to be procured

Inspection and certification of all materials used on the works such as MS Plates / Pipes and Specials , Valves, Cement, Size Stones, Sand aggregate, Lead, Rubber gaskets etc., for conformity with specifications of BIS. If insisted, inspection of materials at the manufacture place shall be arranged by the contractor at his cost including the travelling and accommodation of the inspecting officer.

1.5.2 **Inspection and certification of the various components of works.**

Construction of pipeline with all fixtures, construction of Valve Chamber including back filling of trench in layers with compaction as specified to ensure that all components of works are carried out as per specification and to required standards.

Inspection & Certification of Hydraulic Test on Completed pipe line in reaches as specified.

1.6 Technical Specifications

1.6.1 Engineer shall have the right to modify/alter the Particular Specifications and/or Standard Specifications at any time which promise to confer equal or better quality than the standard specified in the tender document. Such

modification or alteration shall be acceptable to the Contractor subject to no additional financial burden to either the Contractor or the Employer.

1.7 Storage of Materials and Plant

1.7.1 The Contractor shall provide appropriate storage facilities for materials like cement, steel, aggregates, consumable supplies, equipment, mechanical and electrical items, etc., and shall take all safety and security measures against theft and deterioration in quality, at his own cost.

1.8 Procurement of Materials:

1.8.1 CEMENT:

The Contractor shall use only 43 grade cement conforming to IS 8112 / 89 with latest amendments with ISI mark. The Contractor should furnish the manufacturer test certificate for the above brand of cement for having manufactured the cement as per relevant BIS and guarantee certificate before using the cement.

1.8.2 STEEL:

The Contractor shall procure the steel from VISL / SAIL / VSP / TISCO and manufacturers' test certificate is to be produced.

1.8.3. VALVES AND OTHERS

Sl.No.	Description	Make
	Sluice Valves Conforming to IS 14846/2000	KIRLOSKAR, IVI, FOURESS, DURGA, JASH, JUPITER, BSJ, SHAU, UPADYAYA, CALSEN
	Butterfly valves – Conforming to IS 13095 / 1991	KIRLOSKAR, FOURESS, IVI, DURGA , L & T, JASH
	MS plate/HR coil to Manufacture MS pipes Conforming to IS: 2062	SAIL, TISCO,ESSAR STEEL, ISPAT Industries,
	Kinetic Air Valves	KIRLOSKAR, IVI, BSJ, SHAU, DURGA, CALSEN,
	Double Ball Kinetic Air Valves	KIRLOSKAR, IVI, BSJ, SHAU, DURGA
	Bolts, Nuts and Washers	GKW, TEXSO MAKE, T.V.S. UNBRAKO

(Any other reputed make as may be approved by BWSSB at a later date by producing the credentials.)

The above branded makes are preferred. In the bid the bidder should specify the make for which the rate is quoted without which the Board can specify any make among the above brands

1.9 Equivalency of Standards and be procured, and work performed or tested, the provisions of the latest current edition or revision of the relevant standards

and codes in effect shall apply, unless otherwise stated in the Contract. Where such standards and codes are national, or relate to a particular country or region, other authoritative standards which ensure an equal or higher quality than the standards and codes specified will be acceptable subject to the Engineer's prior review and written approval. Differences between the standards specified and the proposed alternative standards must be fully described in writing by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer at least 28 days prior to the date when the Contractor desires the Engineer's approval. In the event the Engineer determines that such proposed deviations do not ensure equal or higher quality, the Contractor shall comply with the standards specified in the documents.

1.10 Sign Board

1.10.1 The Contractor shall provide a sign board at the site of the Works of approved size and design which provides (i) the name of the Project (ii) the names and addresses of the Employer, the Contractor and the Consultant; (iii) the name and short description of the Project, (iv) the amount of the Contract Price ; and (v) the starting and completion dates.

1.11 Samples and Tests

1.11.1 The Contractor shall be responsible to develop a quality control program and to provide all necessary materials, apparatus, instruments, equipment, facilities and qualified staff for sampling, testing and quality control of the materials and the works under the Contract. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Contractor shall either (i) establish a testing laboratory at the site of Works which is adequately equipped and staffed to carry out all sampling and testing in accordance with the requirement set out in the General Specifications and/or these Special Specifications and provide all field equipment and apparatus as necessary to conduct all specified in-situ tests and/or any Tests on Completion, provided the correctness of the equipment's are ensured or (ii) arrange for routine sampling, testing and reporting, as required, through a certified independent testing laboratory acceptable to the Engineer. All costs of such sampling, testing and reporting of test results will be borne by the Contractor, and the Contractor shall include sufficient provisions in his tendered rates to allow for independent sampling and laboratory testing under the direction of the Engineer up to 5% of the required tests at no additional cost. The Contractor shall furnish certified copies of all test reports to the Engineer within 3 days of completion of the specified tests.

1.11.2 The Contractor shall, within 14 days after the date of the Letter of Acceptance, submit to the Engineer for his consent a detailed description of the arrangements for conducting the quality control programme during execution of the Works, including details of his testing laboratory, equipment, staff and general procedures. If following submission, or at any time during the progress of Works, it appears to the Engineer that the Contractor's quality control programme is not adequate to ensure the quality of the Works, the Contractor shall produce a revised programme which will be adequate to ensure satisfactory quality control.

1.12 Protection of Utilities

1.12.1 The Contractor is required to carefully examine the location of the Works and their alignments and to make special enquiries with all authorities concerning all utility lines such as water, sewers, gas pipe, telephone (underground and/or overhead) lines, electric cable (underground and/or overhead) lines, etc.; and to determine and verify to his own satisfaction the character, sizes, position and lengths of such utilities from authentic records. The Contractor

shall be wholly responsible for the protection and/or facilitating relocation of such utilities as may be required, and shall not make any claim for extra work or extra time that may be required to protect or facilitate relocating such utilities. If any major shifting or realignment of water, sewers, gas pipes, electric and telephone lines is necessary due to their interference with the proposed Works, the same may be done by the Employer. The cost of such relocation will be borne by the Employer. In case the alignment of the pipeline crosses high tension electrical transmission lines belonging to the Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Ltd. (KPTCL) or other authorities, the Contractor shall take all precautions necessary to see that the work is carried out with care and safety, without disturbing such transmission lines. The Contractor will be responsible to carry out all construction activities in such reaches in consultation with the owners of such facilities. However, satisfactory completion of the entire work will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

II EARTH WORK:

2.1 GENERAL:

2.1.1 The earth work excavation for laying of pipe shall be carried out. The Contractor shall make all excavations required for laying and jointing of the pipeline and construction of pertinent structures as required in the project. Except where otherwise required by the project or instructed by the Engineer, all excavation shall be in open cut to the specified widths and depths. The Contractor is advised to satisfy himself with regard to the likely conditions that may be met with during the execution of the Works, with regard to the underground obstructions or conditions, necessary dewatering requirements etc. Before commencing the earth work, the Contractor shall carry out detailed survey of the proposed alignment, prepare construction drawings showing the longitudinal section of the ground profile, locations of valves and other appurtenances and submit to the Employer for approval.

2.2 CLASSIFICATION OF EXCAVATION

All materials involved in excavation shall be classified in three categories as follows:

2.2.1 Ordinary soil: This includes excavation in all types of soil including soil containing gravels, murums, loose boulders, viz., ordinary gravely soil, hard gravely soil, wet soil, stiff slushy soil, chettu soil and calcareous strata, but exclusive of disintegrated rock, soft rock/shale;

2.2.2 Soil Containing Disintegrated Rock, Soft Rock and Soft Shale: This category includes excavation in soil containing disintegrated rock, soft rock or soft shale which can be cut by shovel and no hand or mechanical chiseling is required.

2.2.3 **Medium Hard Rock:** This category includes excavation in lime stone, sand stone, hard shale and schist fissured rock, without resorting to blasting.

2.2.4 Hard Rock: This category includes excavation in hard rock requiring hand or mechanical chiseling or blasting. In case of difference in opinion between the classification of rock requiring blasting and that requiring chiseling, wedging, the site of work shall be inspected by the engineer and the decision of the Engineer shall be final and binding on the Contractor.

2.3 LIMITATION OF EXCAVATION

2.3.1 The trench for laying MS Spiral welded pipes shall have minimum width as per standards stipulated or as directed by the Engineer-in-charge. A minimum earth cover of 1.2 m shall be maintained above the pipe top, unless otherwise specified or shown in the alignment drawings.

2.3.2 The Contractor shall be responsible to ensure that the widths and depths of the trenches do not exceed the limits shown in the construction drawings. Should the excavation occur beyond the dimensions specified therein, because of the negligence of the Contractor, the Contractor shall fill the excess space with granular material or concrete as directed by the Engineer. Nothing extra shall be paid to the Contractor on account of this.

2.4 TRAIL PITS

2.4.1 Trial pits may be dug by the Contractor, without being directed to do so, along the alignment as shown on the drawings in advance of the excavations for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the location of underground obstructions or soil conditions.

2.5 SLIPS AND SLIDES

2.5.1 The Contractor is responsible for proper protection of excavations made by him from any slips and slides. All slides and caving shall be handled, removed or corrected by the Contractor without any extra compensation at whatever time and under whatever circumstances they may occur. The excavations shall be made good and brought to necessary depth, width and levels without any extra cost.

2.6 STCKING OF EXCAVATED MATERIALS

2.6.1 The excavated material shall be stacked on the sides of the trench wherever possible. Wherever it is not possible to stock on the sides of the trench, contractor has to find the place nearby for stocking the excavated material and cart the materials to &fro. Rate for this shall be included in the earthwork itself and no extra rate will be paid for this.

2.6.2 Surplus earth is to be disposed off to a place identified by the contractor approved by the engineer. There is an item for this work and will be paid accordingly.

2.7 Safety measures

The Contractor shall provide adequate safety measures during excavation. They shall include:

1. Barricading all sides of the open trenches.
2. Red danger lights which can be easily visible from dusk to dawn placed at an interval of 20 m.
3. Traffic signals and display boards giving direction for diversion of traffic at the appropriate places as may be directed by the Engineer.
4. Adequate safe wooden plank / board or steel plate over the trenches to facilitate crossing by the public residing on either side of the trench.
5. Round the clock watch and ward maintaining all safety regulations at the site of work and protecting the site from unauthorized intrusions.

2.8 Progress of Excavation of pipe trenches

The Contractor shall adjust excavation of trenches in such lengths that the pipes can be laid in such exposed portion of the trench within 2 days.

2.9 Shoring and Bracing

The Contractor shall supply, fix and maintain necessary sheathing, shoring and bracing etc., in steel or wood, as may be required to support the sides of the excavation, to protect workmen in the trench and to prevent any trench movement which might any way injure or delay the work, change the required width of the trench, make unsafe condition for adjacent pavements, utilities, buildings or other structures above or below ground.

Sheathing, shoring and bracing shall be withdrawn and removed as the backfilling is being done, except when the Engineer may agree that such sheathing, shoring and bracing be left in place, at the Contractor's request. In any case, the Contractor shall cut off any such sheathing at least 600 mm below the surface and shall remove the cut off material from the trench.

All sheathing, shoring and bracing which are left in place under the foregoing provisions shall be removed in a manner so as to not endanger the completed work or other structures, utilities or property, whether public or private.

2.10 EXCAVATION

2.10.1 Excavation in Rock

Excavation in rock shall be carried out to a depth, 150 mm more than the bottom level of pipe and to a width equal to the diameter of the pipe plus minimum working space on either side as given in drawing. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, rock excavation shall be progressed at least by 50 m in advance of the pipe length proposed to be laid.

2.10.3 Excavation for Valve Chambers and Other Appurtenant Structures

The Contractor shall excavate as required for all structures with foundations to firm, undisturbed earth up to the level of the underside of the structure. If the excavation is in rock, the Contractor shall excavate all rock at least to the minimum limits shown on the standard details for trenches and to the grade of the bottom of inlets, junction chambers or other structures as required. Where the bottom of the structure is in rock, it should be ensured that no rock shall project above the lower surface of the concrete in such a manner so as to reduce the required thickness of concrete placed simultaneously as an integral part of the foundation and to the outside of structure foundation where structure is to be built. The Contractor shall excavate the trench / pit to provide necessary working space on all sides and for accommodating any sheathing, shoring or bracing etc.

2.11 Contractor's Responsibility

The Contractor shall be responsible for the adequate pumping, drainage and bailing out water from the excavated trench. In case of failure to make such provisions or any other provisions which may result in unsuitable sub-grade conditions, the Contractor shall replace and repair the sub-grade as directed to the satisfaction of the Engineer, at his own cost and responsibility.

Should the Contractor select to use a gravel sub-grade to facilitate flow of water to pumps or other points of disposal, such gravel sub-grade shall not be measured or paid for as an extra item.

2.12 Works Included in Excavation

The following works as per specifications are also included in excavation and the term 'Excavation' shall construe to mean all such items of work. The quoted rates should include the same:

1. Provision of side space or additional space in the trench/pit for working and/or accommodating sheathing, shoring, bracing, etc.
2. Supply, installation and removal after the work, all sheathing, shoring and bracing required to protect the excavation where required or where such work is recommended by the Engineer.
3. Protection of excavations.
4. Providing adequate safety measures.
5. Additional work in connection with overhead wires and poles.
6. Excavation for Socket hallows.
7. Supplying and fixing of sight rails and boning rods in the trench to facilitate measurement of work.

2.13 Measurement and Payment for Excavation

2.13.1 For Excavation

The measurement for excavation shall be considering the allowable widths, depths with allowed side slopes (if any) for different classes of soils as per approved classification. The measurement for excavation shall be based on "neat line" dimensions as specified in the drawing or Specifications, for different types of soils and depth of excavation. The total volume of excavation shall be computed as a square bottomed trench of width equal to the outer diameter of the pipe, with minimum working space as given in the drawing, added to it, length up to the length of the trench being measured. The depth of trench being average depth taken at 30 m intervals, between the level of bottom of trench and the original surface of the ground. The length of the trench shall be measured as per the actual length of pipes and fittings / specials laid at work site. However depth shall be measured at closure intervals at vulnerable places. The volume of excavation for structures like valve chambers, thrust blocks and anchor blocks etc., shall be computed and measured for payment as per the bottom area of the particular structure on outer periphery multiplied by the average depth between the level of the finished bottom of the structure and the original surface of the ground. The quantity shall be measured in cubic meters correct to two decimal places. The method of measurement for excavation in different classes of soils shall be as follows:

2.13.2 In Ordinary Soil and Soil Mixed with Disintegrated Rock and Soft Rock / Shale

In this category of soils, the excavation quantity shall be computed as specified above.

2.13.3 In Hard rock

In case of hard rock requiring chipping or chiseling, measurements shall be taken prior to and after chiseling and the volume of rock excavation shall be measured based on this difference. The excavation in rock shall be paid on stack measurements with a deduction of 40% in volume for voids.

2.13.4 For Excavation in Combination of Ordinary Soil, Disintegrated Rock, Soft Rock/Shale and Hard Rock/Schist

Wherever the excavation is undertaken in combination of ordinary soil, disintegrated rock, soft rock /shale and hard rock, the hard rock part shall be measured and paid, the soil part shall be measured and paid for the total measurable excavated quantity deducting the

quantity measured for the hard rock. The total computed volume of excavation shall be equal to the sum of the computed volumes for each category of excavation undertaken.

2.14 Protection of Utilities

The Contractor is required to carefully examine the location of the Works and their alignments and to make special enquiries with all authorities concerning all utility lines such as water, sewers, gas pipe, telephone (underground and/or overhead) lines, electric cable (underground and/or overhead) lines, etc.; and to determine and verify to his own satisfaction the character, sizes, position and lengths of such utilities from authentic records. The Contractor shall be wholly responsible for the protection and/or facilitating relocation of such utilities as may be required, and shall not make any claim for extra work or extra time that may be required to protect or facilitate relocating such utilities. If any major shifting or realignment of water, sewers, gas pipes, electric and telephone lines is necessary due to their interference with the proposed Works, the same may be done by the Employer. The cost of such relocation will be borne by the Employer.

In case the alignment of the pipeline crosses high tension electrical transmission lines belonging to the Karnataka Power Transmission Corporation Ltd. (KPTCL) or other authorities, the Contractor shall take all precautions necessary to see that the work is carried out with care and safety, without disturbing such transmission lines. The Contractor will be responsible to carry out all construction activities in such reaches in consultation with the owners of such facilities. However, satisfactory completion of the entire work will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

III. BEDDING.

3.1. Bedding for the pipe

Bedding shall be provided all along the stretch of the pipe line, which differs based on the area through which the pipe line passes. However, the type of bedding to be provided shall be as decided by the Engineer.

3.2 Earth Bedding

The pipes shall be placed on the natural, undisturbed earth bedding, which has been carefully shaped to fit the lower part of the pipe for a width of at least 50 % of its external diameter. The trench shall be excavated to an extra breadth and depth, wherever weld joints are coming. Filling and removing earth or similar materials beneath the pipe to adjust with the grade will not be permitted except filling with compacted granular bedding material or murrum.

3.3 Gravel Bedding

Wherever rock is met with, it shall be removed up to 150 mm below the bottom level of the pipe to a minimum width equal to the width of the trench and the resulting space shall be filled up with good quality compacted gravel. The granular material shall be filled in the trench up to the level of ¼ the outer diameter of the pipe line, above the bottom of trench and well compacted. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, rock excavation shall progress at least 20 m in advance of the pipe length proposed to be laid.

3.4 Measurement for bedding:

The Contractor shall include the cost of earth bedding required for the pipeline in the tendered rate for pipe laying, for providing gravel bedding. The surplus quantity of excavated earth shall be disposed off. The quantity shall be measured in cubic meter correct to two decimal points.

IV BACK FILLING

4.1 General

The Contractor shall use selected surplus spoils from excavated materials for backfilling. All fill material shall be subject to Engineer's approval. The excavated materials suitable for backfilling shall be stored not closer than 600 mm from the edge of the trench and shall not obstruct any public utilities or interfere with travel by local inhabitants or general public. Handling and storage of excavated materials must meet with the regulations of the Local Government Authorities. The detailed specifications for backfilling shall be as per Clause 8 of IS: 3114-1994 and Clause 4.11 of IS 12288-1987.

4.2 Method of Backfilling

Trenches and excavated pits for structures shall be backfilled to original ground level or to such other levels, as the Engineer may direct. All backfilling shall be carried out in orderly manner expeditiously and consistent with good workmanship.

4.2.1 Backfill material put into the trenches/pits for backfilling, shall unless otherwise specified be compacted and built up as to minimise future settlement as much as is reasonably possible. For this, care shall be exercised in selecting backfill material free from large hard clay lumps, especially in cramped areas directly adjoining the walls of structures.

4.2.2 Backfilling in trenches shall be done as pipe laying progresses, with the permission of the Engineer, after the pipe or conduit is properly bedded, jointed and inspected and all measurements for the location of Y-Junctions, tees, etc., are properly recorded by the Engineer and sufficient time is allowed for the joint materials or cement concrete or mortar to set. However the joints shall be left open for inspection during testing, which shall be backfilled after successful completion of testing, after obtaining permission from the Engineer. Backfilling around and over the pipe, conduit, or structure shall be taken up uniformly on all sides and in the sequence and manner specified hereinafter, with care to avoid the displacement or damage to the pipe, conduit or structure. For the purpose of backfilling, the depth of trench shall be divided into the following three zones measured from bottom to top of trench, as follows:

i. Zone A : From bottom of trench to the centre line of pipe,
ii. Zone B : From the level of centre line of pipe to a level of 300 mm above the top of pipe,
iii. Zone C : From a level of 300 mm above the top of pipe to the top of trench.

4.2.3 Backfilling in the trenches and around structures shall be carried out in horizontal layers of uniform thickness of not more than 150 mm when measured loose. As may be necessary to attain maximum compaction, the backfill material shall be moistened by sprinkling with water. After placing each layer of backfill material, the layer shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted by means of mechanical or hand tampers. The compacting

equipment and the manner of its use shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer.

4.2.4 After the backfill material is placed in Zone A and Zone B as specified above, the remaining portion i.e., Zone C of the trench may be machine backfilled. Even in this case the backfill material shall be placed in uniform horizontal layers of not more than 150 mm thickness. Small pebbles of size less than 50 mm, if any, shall be so distributed throughout the mass, that all interstices are solidly filled with fine material. The backfill material shall be stamped with mechanical tamping equipment, after moistening the backfill by sprinkling with water to obtain maximum compaction (min 95% proctor density).

4.2.5 Machine backfill shall be so conducted that the material deposited in the trench shall not fall directly on top of the pipe from such a height as might result in damage to the pipe joints or alignment.

4.2.6 If the trench is subjected to conditions which might cause flotation of the pipe before sufficient backfill has been placed, the Contractor shall take the necessary precautions to prevent floatation of the pipe, conduit or structure.

4.2.7 Before final acceptance of the work, additional tamped earth shall be added to restore the settled trench surface to the required level of the adjacent earth surface or to the base of crushed rock wearing surface or to the finished earth base.

4.2.8 If from the excavated soil, enough backfill material is not available, imported, selected and approved backfill material from the borrow pits is required to be placed for backfill, on approval of the Engineer backfilling of trenches where the excavation is in the rock shall be with the surplus soft soil, with all lead and lift.

4.3 Disposal of Surplus Excavated Material

The excavated material which is in surplus to the requirements after backfilling shall be removed and spread at places shown by the Engineer, with all lead and lift from the site of work, for which payment shall be made as per the quoted rates. No surplus or excess material shall be disposed in a stream / channel or in any place where the pre-construction surface drainage may have to be provided, without written permission of the Engineer.

V DUCTILE IRON PIPELINE

5.1 Scope

This specification covers the requirements for manufacturing, supplying, laying, jointing, testing and commissioning of Ductile Iron pipeline and fittings including associated civil works required for the same.

5.2 Standards

The following specifications, standards, and codes are part of this specification. All standards, specifications and codes of practice referred herein shall be the latest edition including all applicable official amendments and revisions.

In case of discrepancy between this specification and those referred to herein, this specification shall govern,

IS:8329 Centrifugally Cast (Spun) ductile Iron Pressure pipes for water, gas and sewage.

IS:638 Sheet rubber jointing and rubber insertion jointing.

IS:1387 General requirements for supply of metallurgical materials**.**

IS:1500 Methods for Brinell Hardness test for metallic materials.

IS:9523 Ductile Iron fittings for pressure pipes for water, gas and sewage.

IS:12820 Dimensional requirements of rubber gaskets for mechanical joints and push on joints for use with cast iron pipes and fittings for carrying water, gas and sewage.

ISO:4179 Ductile iron pipes for pressure and nonpressure – Centrifugal cement mortar lining – General requirements.

ISO:2531 Ductile iron pipes, fittings and accessories for pressure pipe lines.

IS:5382 Specification for Rubber Sealing rings for Gas mains, water mains and sewers.

AWWA C600 Installation of ductile iron water mains and their appuratenances.

IS:11906 Recommendations for cement-mortor lining for cast iron, mild steel and ductile iron pipes and fittings for transportation of water.

IS:3764 Excavation work – code of safety.

IS:12288 Code of practice for use & laying of Ductile iron pipes.

IS:460 Test sieves – Part I

IS:8112 Specification for 43 Grade Ordinary Portland Cement.

BS 3416 Bitumen based coatings for cold application, suitable for use in contact with potable water.

BS EN 545 Ductile iron pipes, fittings, accessories and their joints for water pipelines – requirements and test methods.

ISO 81790 For zinc coating.

5.3. Manufacture of pipe

DI pipes and fittings (Class K7 & K9) shall be in accordance with IS: 8329 and IS: 9523. Pipes and fittings shall be procured from reputed manufacturers with Engineer's approval. Engineer shall at all reasonable times have free access to the place where the Pipes and fittings are manufactured for the purpose of examining and testing the pipes and fittings and for witnessing the test and manufacturing.

All tests specified either in this specification or in the relevant Indian Standards specified above shall be performed by the Manufacturer / Contractor at his own cost and in presence of Engineer if desired. For this, sufficient notice before testing of the pipes and fittings shall be given to Engineer.

If the test is found unsatisfactory, Engineer may reject any or all pipes and fittings of that lot. The decision of Engineer in this matter shall be final and binding on the Contractor and not subject to any arbitration or appeal.

The pipes and fittings shall be stripped, with all precautions necessary to avoid warping or shrinking defects. The pipes and fittings shall be free from defects. Any defect in pipes and fittings in the opinion of Engineer shall be rejected and shall be replaced by new one.

In the case of spigot and socket pipes and fittings, the socket shall be without the centre ring.

In the case of flanged pipes, the flanges shall be at the right angles to the axis of the pipe and machined on face. The bolt holes shall be drilled and located symmetrically off the centre line. The bolt hole circle shall be concentric with the bore and bolt holes equally spaced. The flanges shall be integrally cast with the pipes and fittings and the two flanges of the pipe shall be correctly aligned.

a). Materials

The materials used in the manufacture of pipes and fittings shall comply with requirements specified in IS: 8329 - 2000 and IS: 9523 - 2000.

b). Dimensions and Tolerances

The internal diameter, thickness and length of barrel, dimensions of pipes and fittings shall be as per relevant tables of IS: 8329/IS: 9523 for different class of pipes and fittings. Pipe of standard length of 6m is recommended and other properties for pipes and fittings shall be as per IS: 8329/IS: 9523. Each pipe shall be of uniform thickness throughout its length.

The tolerances for pipes and fittings regarding dimensions, mass, ovality and deviations from straight line in case of pipes shall be as per IS: 8329/IS: 9523.

5.4 Testing

(a) **Mechanical tests**

Mechanical tests shall be carried out during manufacture of pipes and fittings as specified in IS: 8329/IS: 9523. The frequency and sampling of tests for each batch of pipes shall be in accordance with IS 8329. The tests results so obtained for all the pipes and fittings of different sizes shall be submitted to Engineer. The method for tensile tests and the minimum tensile strength requirement for pipes and fittings shall be as per IS: 8329/IS: 9523.

(b) Brinell Hardness Test

For checking the Brinell hardness, the test shall be carried out on the test ring or bars cut from the pipes used for the ring test and tensile test in accordance with IS 1500. The test shall comply with the requirements specified in IS 1500/IS 8329.

(c) **Retests**

If any test piece representing a lot fails in the first instance, two additional tests shall be made on test pieces selected from two other pipes from the same lot. If both the tests results satisfy the specified requirements, the lot shall be accepted. Should either of these additional test pieces fail to pass the test, the lot shall be liable for rejection.

(d) Hydrostatic Test

For hydrostatic test at works, the pipes and fittings shall be kept under test pressure as specified in IS 8329/IS9523 for a period of minimum 15 seconds,

during which the pipes shall be struck moderately with a 700 g hammer for conformation of satisfactory sound. They shall with stand the pressure test without showing any leakage, sweating or other defect of any kind. The hydrostatic test shall be conducted before surface coating and lining.
During manufacture, tests on pipes shall be carried out in accordance with **clause 1.2.8of this Technical specification** by the Third party inspecting agency.

5.5 Jointing of pipes

(a) General

Jointing of DI pipes and fittings shall be done as per IS: 12288 and manufacturer's recommendations. After jointing, extraneous material, if any, shall be removed from the inside of the pipe. Rubber sealing rings/gaskets used for jointing shall conform to IS: 638, IS: 12820 and IS: 5382.

(b) Spigot and Socket joints

These shall have sockets, which are integral with the pipe and incorporate an electrometric rubber ring gasket conforming to IS: 12820.
The gaskets/sealant used for joints shall be suitable for water conveyance. In jointing DI pipes and fittings, the Contractor shall take into account the manufacturer's recommendations as to the methods and equipment to be used in assembling the joints. In particular the Contractor shall ensure that the spigot end of the pipe to be jointed is smooth and has been properly chamfered, so that the rubber ring as per IS: 12820 and IS: 5382 is correctly positioned in line, before the joint is made. The rubber rings and any recommended lubricant shall be obtained only through the approved supplier and as directed by the Engineer.

(c) Gaskets for Flanges

All gaskets used between flanges of pipes shall be of natural rubber conforming to IS: 638 of thickness 3 mm suitable for waste water conveyance and as specified by manufacturer.

(d) Flanged joints

These shall be of PN 1.0 rating and shall comply with dimensions and drilling details as specified in IS: 8329. These shall have isolation gaskets between the flanges, isolation sleeves around all bolts and isolation washers under all bolt heads and nuts. All material shall be supplied by a reputed manufacturer and shall be approved by the Engineer.
Each bolt should be tightened a little at a time taking care to tighten diametrically opposite bolts alternatively. The recommended bolting torque to be followed for assembling flanges shall be as specified in manufacturer's instructions. The practice of fully tightening the bolts one after another is highly undesirable. The bolts shall be of mild steel unless otherwise specified. They shall be coated with coal tar epoxy coating after tightening

5.6 Specials

Standard DI fitting shall be in accordance with IS:9523. Wherever standard DI specials are not available, they shall be manufactured and tested as per requirements with the approval of Engineer.

5.7 Coatings

i). General

Unless otherwise specified, DI pipes and fittings shall be coated with Bitumen in accordance with relevant IS specifications. All buried DI pipes and fittings shall also have factory or site applied polythene

sleeving. Coating shall not be applied to pipe and fittings unless its surface is clean, dry and free from rust. Pipe coatings shall be inspected at site and any damage or defective areas shall be made good to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

ii). Bitumen coating

Bitumen coating shall be of normal thickness of 75 microns unless otherwise specified. It shall be cold applied compound complying with the requirements of relevant Indian standards, suitable for tropical climates, factory applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

Damaged areas of coating shall be repainted on site after removing any remaining loose coating and wire brushing any rusted areas of pipe.

iii). Cement mortar lining

All pipes and fittings shall be internally lined with cement mortar in accordance with relevant IS. The cement used shall be Sulphate Resisting Cement confirming to IS: 12330. No admixtures in the mortar shall be used without the approval of the Engineer. The curing shall commence immediately after completion of the mortar lining, shall not be later than 8 hours after mixing of mortar. The lining shall be kept continuously in moist condition for a period of minimum 14 days.

Pipe linings shall be inspected on site and any damage or defective areas shall be made good to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Lining shall be uniform in thickness all along the pipe. The minimum thickness of factory applied cement mortar lining shall be as per IS: 11906.

5.8. Marking

Marking shall be done as per IS: 8329 and IS: 9523 or any other relevant IS codes approved by the Engineer. The following information shall be clearly marked on each pipe,

a). Internal diameter of pipe.
b). Class of pipe.
c). Date of manufacture and
d). Name of manufacture or his registered trade-mark or both.

5.9. Carting & Handling.

Carting and handling of D.I. pipes and fittings shall be in accordance with the clause 3.4. of GSW pipes specifications.

5.10. Trenching.

Trenching includes all excavation which shall be carried out either by hand or by machine and shall be carried out in accordance with all requirements of part-2 Earth work excavations clause 2.0 to 2.17.wherever a socket or collar of pipe or fitting / special occurs, a grip is to be cut in the bottom of the trench or concrete bed to a depth of at least 75 mm below the bed of the pipe so that the pipe may have a fair bearing on its shaft and does not rest upon its socket. Such grip shall be of sufficient size in every respect to admit the hand all round the socket in order to make the joint, and the grip shall be maintained clear, until the joint has been approved by Engineer.

Wherever D.I. pipes are laid over pillar supports for nala crossings etc. the pipes shall be placed as per the construction drawings and as directed by the Engineer In-charge.

The width of the trench shall be kept to a minimum consistent with the working space required and having regard to the safety of the trench, the method of laying and jointing the pipe and the need to

avoid damage to pipe coating and so as to provide the minimum horizontal clearance as stated in the table below. The bottom of the trench shall be properly trimmed to permit even bedding of the pipeline.

The portion of the trench which extends from the formation level to not less than 300 mm above the crown of the pipe when laid in its correct position, shall, unless otherwise specified or ordered by the Engineer, be formed with vertical sides. The clearance between the sides and bottom of the trench and the barrel of the pipe shall not exceed the following, inclusive of any allowances required for temporary trench supports:

Pipe Nominal Bore(mm)	Bottom Clearance(mm)	Side Clearance(mm)
350 to 600	200	300
> 600 to 800	200	350

The clearance at joints may be increased to allow the joints to be made and inspected, any proposed increase shall be approved by the Engineer.

All trenches deeper than 1.2 m shall have the trench walls battered or supported to ensure the safety of all persons working in the trench if required. The Contractor is to provide details of these arrangements for approval by the Engineer prior to any work being undertaken in such a trench.

No excavations with battered sides shall be made in roads, footpaths, private gardens, or within 10m of any buildings or other structures.

The Contractor shall erect temporary fencing around all open excavations and post warning signs in English and the local language. All fencing shall be at least 1 m tall, rigid in nature and strong enough to prevent people falling into the trench. The Contractor shall also take all other necessary measures to ensure the safety of the public and others.

The maximum length of excavation which may be left open in any length is 500 m or as directed by Engineer. The opening of two lengths within 500 m of each other shall require the approval of the Engineer.

The excavation shall be kept free of water to allow: placing of bedding, laying of pipes. inspection and testing of joints, coating of joints, placing of backfill and other activities within the pipe trench, to be carried out in a satisfactory manner.

The excavation shall be done such that it does not get far ahead of laying operations. Before excavating trench the alignment of pipeline shall be approved by Engineer. Cuttings length and other appurtenances shall be provided to suit detailed pipe configurations required.

To protect persons from injury and to avoid damage to property, adequate barricades, construction signs. red lanterns and guards as required shall be placed and maintained during the progress of the construction work and until it is safe for the traffic to use the roadways. The relevant Indian

standards and the rules and regulations of local authorities in regards to safety provisions shall be observed.

The road metal and also the rubble packing shall first be stripped off for the whole width of the trench/pit and separately deposited in such place or places as may be determined by Contractor and approved by Engineer.

During excavation, large stones and rubble shall be separated and removed from the excavated soil and stacked separately. The material from excavation shall be deposited on either side .of the trench leaving adequate clear distance from the edges of the trench and pit, or as may be necessary to prevent the sides of the trench pit to slip or fall, or at such a distance and in such a manner as to avoid covering fire hydrants. sluice valves, manholes covers etc. and so as to avoid abutting the wall or structure or causing inconvenience to the public and other service organisations or otherwise as Engineer may direct.

Contractor shall take into account additional excavation if any as Engineer may require in order to locate the position of water pipes, drains, sewers etc. or any other works which may be met with, in or about the excavation of trenches while quoting the rates for excavation of trenches while quoting e rates for excavation. Such service lines if met with during excavation shall be properly maintained by Contractor, by means of shoring, strutting, planking over, padding or otherwise as Engineer ma direct, and shall be protected by the Contractor from damage during the progress of the work. Any damage to the service lines shall be borne by Contractor. All precautions shall be taken during excavation and laying operations to guard against possible damage to any existing structure/pipe line of water, gas, sewage etc.

5.11 Deleted

5.12 Laying of pipes and fittings.

Pipes and fittings shall be laid in accordance with IS 12288 and manufacturer’s instructions.

The pipeline shall be constructed in lengths with a separate full time gang working on each length. The work on lengths may proceed concurrently. The programme for pipe laying shall be submitted to and be approved by the Engineer at the start of the Contract. Any subsequent changes to the programme shall be submitted to and approved by the Engineer before work to a different programme is started. Excavation for the pipeline in anyone length shall not at any time proceed more than 2 km beyond the end of a hydraulically tested, completed and backfilled length of pipe, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The exposed joints between tested sections shall be disregarded in the above definition.

No metal tools or heavy objects shall be permitted to come into contact with the pipes or fittings. External coated pipe shall be handled at all times with wide non-abrasive canvas, rubber or leather straps or other equipment to prevent damage to the coating. The use of chains, wire slings, or any other handling equipment found to be injurious to the coating shall not be permitted. The timber or skids used to support the coated pipe prior

to lowering into the trench shall be properly padded with sufficient bags stuffed with sand or straw for the purpose of protecting the coating. Alternatively, the pipe may be supported alongside the trench on mounds of sand. Any injury to the protective coating from any cause must be repaired before the pipes or fittings placed in the trench. During laying operations, no debris, tools cloth or other material shall be placed in the pipe. Pipes and fittings shall be lowered into the trench with equipment suitable for the weight of the pipes and fittings, and they shall be carefully cleaned before jointing.

Pipes shall be laid accurately to the lines and levels shown on the Drawings, within a tolerance of ± 10mm.

Pipe alignments shall be straight between bends or curves. Length laid to curves shall only be allowed where shown on Drawings or in accordance with detailed proposals approved by the Engineer.

Properly painted sight rails shall be supplied and erected, with boning rods of predetermined measurement for the boning of individual pipes to the correct gradient. The sight rails shall be situated vertically above the line of the pipe or immediately adjacent thereto, and there shall at no time be less than three sight rails in position on each length of pipeline under construction to anyone gradient.

The Contractor may submit to the Engineer for his approval an alternative method of the control of pipe laying to the correct levels and alignment.

The joining of pipes shall be made in accordance with the requirements of this Specification. The Contractor shall obtain from manufacturers all special information regarding the handling of the pipes, joints and other fittings and he will be deemed to have made himself thoroughly conversant with all phases of pipe laying before commencing' the' works.

A "badger" or "bung" about 10mm smaller than the internal diameter of the pipe shall be kept in the pipe at all times, pulled forward as the work progresses. When pipe laying is not in progress, including overnight, the open ends of the pipeline shall be blanked off with a temporary watertight fitting approved by the Engineer. The pipe shall be suitably held down so that the pipe does not become buoyant in the event of the trench becoming flooded.

To restrict the flow of rain runoff along the trench the Contractor shall plug the trench with backfill material at distances not exceeding 250 m until the pipeline can be filled in. The plugs shall be removed when trench filling is taking place. In granular bedding areas the plugs shall be of clay and shall be left in.

All precautions shall be taken during excavation and laying operations to guard against possible damage to any existing structure/pipeline of water, gas , sewage etc. After excavation of trenches, pipes shall not be lowered unless the dimensions of trenches and bedding

work for pipes at the bottom of the trenches are approved and measured by Engineer. Pipes and fittings/specials shall be carefully lowered in the trenches. Special arrangements such as cranes, tripods with chain pulley block for lowering the pipes and fittings shall be made by Contractor. In no case pipes and fittings shall be dropped. Slings of canvas or equally non-abrasive material of suitable width or special attachment to fit the ends of pipes and fittings/specials shall be used to lift and lower the coated pipes and fittings/specials. The pipes and fittings/specials shall be inspected for defects and be rung with a light hammer preferably while suspended to detect cracks. If doubt persists, further confirmation shall be done by pouring a little kerosene/dye on the inside of the pipe at the suspected spot. No sign of kerosene/dye should appear on the outside surface. Pipes and fittings damaged during lowering or aligning shall be rejected by Engineer and shall be replaced by new one.

All the pipes are to be laid perfectly true both in alignment and to gradient specified. In case of spigot and socket pipe the socket end of the pipe shall face upstream, except when the pipeline runs uphill in which case the socket ends should face the upgrade. The laying of pipes shall always proceed upgrade of a slope. After placing a pipe in the trench, the spigot end shall be centered in the socket and the pipe forced home and aligned to required gradient. The pipes shall be secured in place with approved backfill material tamped under it except at the socket. Pipes and fittings which do not allow a sufficient and uniform space for joints shall be removed and replaced with pipes and fittings/specials of proper dimensions to ensure such uniform space. Precautions shall be taken to prevent dirt from entering the jointing space. At times when pipe laying is not in progress, the open ends of pipe shall be closed by a watertight plug or other means approved by Engineer. During the period that the plug is on, the Contractor shall take proper precautions against floating of the pipe owing to entry of water into the trench. Wherever it is necessary to deflect pipe from a straight line, either in the vertical or horizontal plane, to avoid obstructions or where long radius curves are permitted the deflection allowed at joints shall not exceed 2° for 600 mm and 800 mm, 3° for 300 mm, 350 and 450 mm diameter pipes.

The cutting of pipe for inserting valves, fittings or specials shall be done in a neat and workman like manner by using tools and taking precautions as per manufacturers' recommendations without damage to the pipe so as to leave a smooth end at right angles to the axis of the pipe. For this purpose, pipe: cutting machine shall be used.

The valve chamber frame and cover (Cast Iron and Fibre reinforced concrete) shall be as specified in Part 24. clause 24.3.11.

VI VALVES

6. General

Valves shall be as per IS recognized standards. Flanges shall be machined on faces and edges to ISO 7005, IS 6392 or BS 4504.

Valves shall be double-flanged type and the face shall be parallel to each other and flange face should be at right angles to the value

centerline. Backside of value flanges shall be machined or spot faced for proper seating of the head and nut.

Valve buried or installed in underground chamber, where access to a hand wheel would be impractical, shall be operated by means of extension spindle and/or keys.

Valves of diameter 450 mm and above shall be provided with lifting eyes and shall have detachable bolted covers for inspection, cleaning and servicing.

Valves shall be suitable for frequent operation as well as operation after long periods of idleness in either open or closed position

The valve stem, thrust washers, screw, nuts and all other components exposed to water shall be of a corrosion resistant grade of stainless steel.

Valves shall be free from sharp projections.

Butterfly and non-return values shall be provided with bypass arrangement. This may be integral with value or connected between pipes.

6.1 Butterfly Valves

Metal seated butterfly value shall be as per IS 13095/ BS 5155. Valve shall be suitable for mounting in any position.

The valve seat shall be of integrally cast or replaceable design. When the value is fully closed, the seal shall seat firmly so as to prevent leakage. The seat surface shall be machined smooth to provide a long life for the seal.

All fasteners shall be set flush so as to offer the least resistance possible to the flow through the valve.

All valve, spindles and hand wheels shall be positioned and vice versa shall be limited to about 5 minutes. The valve shall be suitable for controlling flows by throttling.

Valves shall be provided with enclosed gear arrangement for ease of operation. The operation gear shall be such that they can be opened and closed by one man against an unbalanced head 15% in excess of the maximum specified rating. Valve and any gearing shall be such as to permit manual operation on a reasonable time and not exceed a required rim pull of 400 N.

All hand wheels shall be arranged to turn in a clockwise direction to close the valve, the direction of rotation for opening and closing being indicated on the hand wheels. Hand wheel shall be provided with an integral locking device to prevent operation by unauthorized person.

6.1.2 Material of Construction:

Body: Cast steel (Conforming to ASTM A216 Gr WCB)
Disc: Cast steel (Conforming to ASTM A216 Gr WCB)
Shaft: Stainless Steel (BS 970 431 S29)
Seat Ring: Stainless Steel: ASTM A 743 CF8
Bearing: Teflon

Size of valves and pressure rating as per Bill of Quantities. Location of valves shall be as per contract drawings.

The contractor shall provide test certificates for materials, strength and leakage shall in accordance with BS5155 or relevant international standards.

6.2 Sluice Valves

Sluice valve shall conform to IS 780 and IS 2906 or relevant internationally recognized standards.

They shall be of non-rising spindle type. The valve shall be furnished with a bushing arrangement for replacement of packing without leakage. They shall also have renewable channel and shoe linings. The gap between the shoe and channel shall be limited to 1.5 mm

The gate face rings shall be screwed into the gate or alternatively securely pegged over the full circumference.

All valves, spindles and hand wheels shall be positioned to give good access for operational personnel.

All hand wheels shall be arranged to turn in a clockwise direction to close the valve, the direction of rotation for opening and closing being indicated on the hand wheels.

Materials of Construction:

Body of gate	Cast iron to IS: 210 Gr FG 200
Spindle	Stainless steel BS 970 gr 431 S29
Seat Rings	Stainless steel ASTMA 743 CF8
Back Seat Bush	Bronze; IS 318 Gr LTB2
Shoe & Channel Lining	Bronze; IS 318 Gr LTB2

Size of valves and pressure rating as per Bill of Quantities. Location of valves shall be as per contract drawings. The contractor shall provide test certificates for materials, strength and leakage shall be in accordance with BS 5150/ IS 750.

The design and locations of washouts are shown in drawings. Exact positioning shall be determined by the Engineer with regard to topography. With regard to washouts at least 3 m of the washout pipe work, inclusive of the isolating valve, measured from the center line of the pipeline shall be laid at the same time as the pipeline and suitably capped to prevent ingress of foreign material. The minimum gradient for the washout pipe work shall be 1 in 100, if not shown in Drawings.

6.3 Air valves

The air valve shall be capable of exhausting air form pipe work automatically when being filled. The air being released at a sufficiently high rate to prevent the restriction of the inflow rate. Similarly the valve shall be capable of ventilating pipe work automatically when being emptied, the air inflow rate being sufficiently high to prevent the development of a vacuum in the pipelines. The valve shall also automatically release air accumulating in pipe work during normal working conditions.

Air valve shall be of the double orifice type with a large orifice for air entry into the pipeline and smaller orifice for automatic release of air under normal working pressure. The valve shall be suitable for the maximum working pressure in the systems. All air valves shall be provided with isolating valve and flanged end connections.

Air valve shall be designed to prevent premature closure prior to all air having been discharged from the line. The orifice shall be positively sealed in the closed position but the float (ball) shall only be raised by the liquid and not by a mixture of air and liquid spray.

The seating shall be designed to prevent the floats sticking after long periods in the closed position.

Air valve shall comprise of cast iron body having faced and drilled flange at inlet and with two chambers each housing a ball. One chamber shall have small orifice and other a large orifice. Balls shall be of injection moulded plastic with high impact strength or any other suitable approved material.

6.3.1 Materials of Construction:

Body/cover	Cast Iron (IS 210 Gr FG 220)
Seat ring	Gun metal (IS 318 Gr II)
Float/Balls	Vulcanite

Valves shall be DN 200 and shall be PN16 pressure rating. Location of valves shall be as per contract drawings.

The contractor shall provide test certificates for materials and properties shall be in accordance with relevant standards.

Before carrying out pipeline pressure testing the contractor shall verify with the supplier of the air valves that the valves have the capacity to sustain the pipeline test pressures. In the event that they do not sustain the pressure the valves shall be removed and the stubs off the pipeline shall be blanked off before pressure testing the pipeline.

6.3.2 Stubs

Stubs for air valves, scour valves and pressure relief valves of required dimensions as specified in the drawings shall be fabricated by the contractor and shall be fixed to the pipeline.

6.3.3 Nuts, Bolts and Washers

Unless otherwise specified, nuts, bolts and washers shall be galavanished and/or zinc electroplated conform to the requirements of IS 1364. Bolts shall be of sufficient length that at least one thread but not more than three threads shall show through the nut when in the fully tightened condition.

6.4 Anchor Blocks

Anchor blocks shall be provided at horizontal bends, vertical bends/ and at intervals on pipelines with gradients in excess of 1 in 6 as noted on the drawings, and at other locations ordered by the Engineer. The anchorages shall be made from concrete and

constructed to the dimensions shown on the drawings. Where faces of anchor blocks are shown to bear against undisturbed ground, the contractor shall take all necessary measures to ensure that such bearing is given over the full dimensions shown.

Curves formed by welded bends and pipe lengths will not require anchoring unless specifically shown in the drawings.

Welded pipelines shown on the drawings as having tied couplings an flanges shall require anchor blocks only at the positions specifically noted on the drawings.

6.5 Vertical Thrust Blocks

Vertical thrust blocks shall be located wherever there is a transition between above ground and buried pipelines. All vertical thrust blocks shall have flexible joints at either end to allow for small amounts of settlement to occur. The contractor shall undertake the construction of the thrust blocks as early in of settlement to occur. The contractor shall undertake the construction of the thrust blocks as early in the programme of work as is practical and at least six months prior to the installation of the above ground pipeline, in order to reduce the risk settlement of imposing additional loads on the pipeline supports.

Where possible the base of the thrust block shall be cast against solid rock in order to prevent any settlement. Any material overlaying the rock shall be excavated and replaced with class M15 mass concrete. In the event of no rock being encountered the base of the thrust block shall be cast against undisturbed ground. Any ground which in the Engineer’s opinion is unsuitable shall be excavated and replaced with class M15 mass concrete.

6.6 Internal Cleaning of Pipeline

Pipeline shall be cleaned of all dirt, debris, dust or other deposits by repeated hosing of copious quantities of water on the pipe surface and simultaneously rubbing the surface with gunny cloth to the satisfaction of Engineer. Cleaning with metal cleaning solution, acid, wire brushes, scrappers or sand paper shall not be permitted.

The section of the pipeline once cleaned shall not be entered into for any purpose later. Sufficient precaution shall be taken to prevent the ingress of any dirt, debris, or dust inside the section. Failing this the section shall be cleaned again at the discretion of the Engineer.

In the case of above ground pipeline, the length of the section to be taken up for cleaning shall be decided in consultation with the engineer from the point of view of ventilation etc.

In case of buried pipeline a section shall be taken up for cleaning after the work of back filling around and over the pipeline is completed and the spiders have been removed from inside with approval of Engineer.

During the pipeline operation in the adjoining section, the contractor shall take all the precaution to prevent ingress of water, debris, dirt, etc in the cleaned section, failing which the section shall be cleaned again at the discretion of the Engineer. When deemed necessary by

the Engineer suitable closures shall be provided at the open end or the ends of the cleaned section.

No separate payment will be made for the work of cleaning and providing closures. The rates coated for the laying of pipes shall include the cost of cleaning also.

6.7 Hydraulic Testing Pipeline

Pipelines and fittings shall be subjected to hydraulic pressure test in the presence of the Engineer which shall comply with IS 5822 unless otherwise specified.

Testing shall be carried out in two stages:

Test of section as construction proceed before internal cement mortar lining

A test of the hole of the pipeline on completion

The contractor shall equip with all plants, equipment, fittings and water necessary for the hydraulic tests. The contractor shall submit to the Engineer, well in advance of the time of test, details of proposals, including the supply of water either by tankers or bore holes. No connections from the existing pipelines will be allowed, nor will any connection to the pipeline and pipe work which would involve cutting, tapping or altering the permanent works be allowed.

Test gauges shall be of approved manufactures having dials at least 200 mm diameter, graduated such that the test pressure is at least 75% of the full-scale reading shall be used. If necessary different gauges shall be supplied for different pipeline section. Two gauges shall be provided for the sole use of the Engineer and shall remain in the engineer possession for the duration of the contract. All gauges shall be dead weight tested and calibrated at the commencement of work and at regular intervals as require by the Engineers.

The contractor’s arrangements for testing shall include a suitable means of quick installation and removal of the Engineers gauges during testing.

6.8 Testing Procedure

The sectional hydraulic test shall be carried out after the pipeline section to be tested as been laid, jointed and back filled to a depth sufficient to prevent flotation, but leaving the joints exposed which have not been tested. The sections to be tested shall be to the approval to the Engineer and shall be not longer than 2000m or 500 m when either pipeline is laid adjacent to or underneath the carriage way or when section includes an air valve chamber. The joints between each tested section shall be left exposed until the pipeline has passed the test on completion.

This test shall be undertaken within one month of the contractor commencing the laying of the pipes. Should the pipeline fail the test or the contractor fail to undertake the test, all laying and welding work shall come to a halt until that section of pipeline passes a hydraulic test.

Each length of the pipeline to be tested shall be capped or blanked off at each end and securely strutted or restrained to withstand the forces which will be exerted when the test pressure is applied. Testing against closed valves will not be permitted. Washout valves shall be fitted with blank flanges and these together with in-line valves shall be left open. Air valves already fitted shall be permitted to function during the test.

Proposals for testing where thrusts on structures are involved, even where thrust flanges on the piping are installed, shall be submitted, with the calculations of the forces to be carried, to the Engineer for approval.

The method of filling the pipeline with water shall be approved by the Engineer. The length under test shall be filled making certain that all air is displaced through an air valve installed at the top of the blank flange situated at the high end of the line. The length shall then remain under constant moderate pressure, 10 to 20m head of water, for a period of several hours until the pressure can be maintained without additional pumping.

The pressure shall then by slowly increased at a maximum rate of 1 bar per minute to the full test pressure and pumping discontinued for 3 hours or until the pressure has dropped by 10 m, whichever occurs earlier. Thereafter pumping shall be resumed and continued until the test pressure has been restored. The quantity of water pumped to restore the pressure shall be the measure of leakage from discontinuation of pumping until its resumption.

The pipe length shall passes the test if the leakage is not more than 0.33 liters per mm diameter per kilometer per 24 hours for each 100m head of pressure applied.

Notwithstanding the satisfactory completion of the hydraulic test, if there is any discernible leakage of water from any pipe or joint and repeat the hydraulic test.

No pipeline shall be accepted until the leakage on any length is not more than the rate of leakage specified above and all sources of leakage have been rectified.

The test on completion shall be carried out after all the pipeline sections have been satisfactorily tested and the joints between each section completed to provide a continuous test length between pipelines shall be tested as above except where the Engineer issues such instructions as are necessary for testing parts of the works that have been designed for stresses limited by considerations other than those applying to the pipeline systems.

6.9 Test Pressures

Test pressures are to be measured in bars at the center of the blank flange situated at the lowest end of the pipeline under test. Unless otherwise specified or shown on the drawings pipeline test pressure shall be in accordance with the following:

Steel pip and fittings 8, 10 and 11 mm wall thickness 18 bar

Test pressure for sections of pipeline containing air valve chambers shall be such that the pressure at the chamber does not exceed valve design pressure as specified by manufacturer.

When undertaking a Test on completion of the pipeline length may contain pipes of different wall thickness in such cases the lower of the different test pressures shall be used.

6.10 Pipeline Disinfections

Upon completion of a newly laid main, the main shall be cleaned, disinfected and dewatered as directed by the Engineer.

The internal surface of pipelines, specials, appearances shall be disinfected using chlorine solution in accordance with procedure specified in IS 5822. Alternative methods may be adopted with the approval of the Engineer. The chlorinated water shall stand in pipeline for a minimum period of 24 hours and all valves in the system shall be operated twice during this period.

The chlorinated water shall be neutralized and disposed off as directed by the Engineer.

After final flushing and before the pipeline is placed into service, water samples shall be collected and tested for bacteriological quality and shall not indicate the presence of califorms. If the initial disinfections fail to produce satisfactory results, disinfections shall be repeated until satisfactory samples are obtained.

The contractor is expected to carry out the cleaning, disinfecting and dewatering work as a part of laying the pipes and his rates for laying the pipes should include the cost of cleaning and other related works.

6.11 Markings

Details like valves type, size, and cistern number shall be painted on the valve chambers as directed by Engineer.

6.12 Measurement and Payment

The measurement of the pipes for items specified in Bill of Quantities shall be on running meters of net length along the centerline of the pipe excluding the length of specials and appurtenances.

Specials shall be paid separately on the basis of provision made in the Bill of Quanitities. For the payment purpose, flanges shall be either included in or excluded as described in the Bill of Quantities. However materials such as nuts, bolts, and washers, etc., shall be included in the respective terms.

Valves shall be paid on number basis as mentioned in the Contract Data.

Payment for fabrication of pipes and specials shall be made after successful testing and delivery to work site. Payment for laying the pipes and specials shall be made as mentioned in the Contract Data.

Lining and coating shall be measured by surface area coated or lined in square meters. For coating the outer diameter (before coating) of

pipe barrel shall be considered and for lining internal diameter (before lining) of pipe barrel shall be considered.

VII. ANCILLARY STRUCTURES

7.1 The Contractor shall build Valve Chambers & Thrust Blocks/Anchor blocks and such other miscellaneous structures that may be required at the locations shown by the Engineer and as shown in the drawings or as may be otherwise specified or directed. unless otherwise specified in this Chapter or advised by the Engineer based on the site conditions.

The various structures shall be built as the pipe laying progresses and the Engineer at his discretion, may stop work entirely on the laying of pipe or construction of other structures, until the construction of the structures already approved by the Engineer are completed by the Contractor.

7.2 Thrust Blocks

Thrust blocks shall be provided for both horizontal and vertical bends as suggested, for effective transfer the hydrostatic thrust developed during the operation of the rising main. They shall be constructed at the locations shown in the alignment drawings, and are of the respective dimensions shown therein. The surrounding virgin land of the thrust blocks shall not be disturbed, to effectively transfer the thrust developed in the main.

7.3 Valve Chambers

RCC valve chambers shall be provided for all valves. These valve chambers are of different sizes suitable for air valves, scour valves & Control valves with RCC pre-cast slabs covering.

7.4 Structures for Crossing Canal/ Nallahs and Other Miscellaneous Structures

Structures for crossing the pipeline over canals/Nallahs and other miscellaneous structures not listed in these specifications but may be required to be built shall be as per construction drawings and as described in Bill of quantities. The materials of construction of workmanship for those structures shall conform to the relevant Standard Specifications. The measurement of quantities involved in these structures for payment shall be done as per dimensions of the respective drawings.

7.5 Grade of concrete

7.5.1 Ordinary Concrete

In case of ordinary concrete, mix is not required to be designed by preliminary tests and proportions of cement, fine aggregates and coarse aggregates are specified by volume. The ordinary concrete shall be in four grades designated as M 7.5, M 10, M 15 and M 20. It can also be specified by volumetric mix as given in Table-4 below. For cement which normally comes in bags and is used by weight, volume shall be worked out taking 50 kg of cement as 0.035 cubic meters in volume. Shaking, ramming or hammering shall not be done. Proportioning of sand shall be as per its dry volume and in case it is damp, allowance for ‘bulkage’ shall be made as per IS: 2386 (Part III).

Ingredients required for ordinary concrete containing one bag of cement for different proportions of mix shall be as given in Table-4 below.

Table-4

Ingredients Required for Ordinary Concrete

Grade of Concrete *	Nominal Mix by volume Cement: Fine Aggregate: Coarse Aggregate**	Total quantity of dry in kg (max) by mass per 50 kg of cement (to be taken as the individual masses of fine and coarse aggregates)	Quantity of water in liters (max) per 50 kg of cement***
M 7.5	1:4:8	625	45
M 10	1:3:6	480	34
M 15	1:2:4	350	32
M 20	1:1.5:3	250	30

* In the designation of a concrete mix, letter 'M' refers to the mix and the number refers to the specified 28 days' works compressive strength of that mix on 150 mm cubes, expressed in N/ sq. mm.

** The proportions of the aggregate shall be adjusted from upper limit to lower limit progressively as the grading of the fine aggregates becomes finer and the maximum size of coarse aggregate becomes larger.

*** The amount of water should be kept minimum required for proper workability. The quantity given in the column is not to be exceeded.

7.6 Strength Requirement of Concrete

Where Ordinary Portland Cement conforming to IS.269 or Portland Blast Furnace Cement conforming to IS:455 is used, the compressive strength requirements for various grades of concrete controlled as well as ordinary shall be as given in Table-5. Where rapid hardening Portland cement is used, the 28 days compressive strength requirements specified in Table-5 shall be met at 7 days.

For controlled concrete, the mix shall be so designed as to attain in preliminary tests a strength at least 33 per cent higher than that required on work tests for concrete up to and including M 25, and 25 per cent higher for higher grades. Preliminary tests need not be made in case of 'ordinary concrete'.

Table-5

Strength Requirements

Grade of Concrete	Compressive test Strength on 150 mm cubes after testing in accordance with IS: 516 (N/sq.mm)	
	Minimum at 7 days	Minimum at 28 days
M 10	7	10
M 15	10	15
M 20	13.5	20
M 25	17	25

In all cases, the 28 days compressive strength specified in Table-5 shall alone be the criterion for acceptance or rejection of the concrete.

Where the strength of a concrete mix, as indicated by tests, lies in between the strength for any two grades specified in Table-5, such concrete shall be classified for all purposes as a concrete belonging to the lower of the two grades between which its strength lies.

7.7 Use of Plums in Ordinary Concrete

Stone Plums shall not be used unless specified in the drawings. When stone plums are used, the size may be from 150 to 300 mm. The maximum dimension of these stones or plums shall not exceed 1/3rd the least dimension of the members.

All plums shall be hard, durable, clean and free from soft materials or loose pieces or deleterious substances in them and shall not have sharp corners.

During concreting the first layer of concrete of the specified mix shall be laid to a thickness of at least two and a half times the thickness of the maximum size of plums to be used. The plums shall then be laid while the top portion of this concrete is still green but sufficiently stiff to prevent complete submergence of the plums under their own weight. These plums shall be about half embedded in the concrete and the remaining part exposed so as to form a key with the next layer of concrete. No plums shall be used for concrete-laid under water.

While placing the plums, care shall be taken to see that the clear distance between any two plums is not less than either the width or thickness of either of the plums. The distance from plums to the outer surface or from any steel reinforcement shall be equal to greatest width of the plum.

If plums of stratified stone are used, they shall be laid on their natural bed.

Stones with concave faces shall be laid with the concave portion upwards. The thickness of the next and successive layers of concrete shall be at least twice that of the largest plums. The total volume of plums shall not exceed 15% of the volume of the finished concrete.

8.0 General Civil Specifications:

The following civil specifications shall be applicable for providing and executing all such items which are not mentioned in foregoing paras but are necessary to be provided and for the items in bill of quantities which are mentioned above but require some elaboration. No extra cost shall be paid for such items. It should clearly be understood by the Contractors / tendering firms that all civil specifications mentioned here below shall be treated as part of the technical specifications already mentioned. The specific requirement of different items of work involved in the construction, completion and commissioning of the system as a whole, shall be provided in accordance with the requirement given in these civil specifications.

8.1. Site Clearance

Before taking up construction, site shall be cleared of all jungles, bushes and unwanted vegetation growth. After completion of plant, the entire site area shall be cleared of all left over material and debris. The work shall be carried out in accordance with the specifications in bill of quantities and payment shall be as per quoted rates for the respective items.

8.2. Sections for excavation for all underground structures and pipe lines

Contractor shall prepare sectional drawings showing the details of excavation for all underground structures and pipe lines, in all kinds of soils, boulders, soft and hard rock etc., based on test results

of soil testing and investigation reports complying to specifications in clause 2.0 to 2.15 for earthwork excavations and shall submit to the Engineer for review and approval, prior to starting of the work. If during excavation any change in section is considered necessary for reasons of safety of workers, the Engineer will issue directions for compliance by the Contractor. The Contractor shall comply with the Engineer’s directions without any extra charge or payment.

8.3. Form Work

Formwork, shuttering, centering, scaffolding etc., shall be of steel plates or plywood, lined with MS-sheets and for scaffolding steel tubular shall be used. Joints should be sufficiently tied to prevent loss of cement slurry from the concrete. All forms, shuttering shall be levelled, aligned, and thoroughly cleaned, before they are used for concreting. Formwork shall be removed after specified days of curing with the prior written permission of the Engineer. The surface of RCC after removal of formwork / shuttering shall be smooth and even and without honeycombing or undulations.

8.4. Procedure and Materials used in concrete works.

The procedure for concrete works shall be in accordance with the specifications in the bill of quantities, specifications in this section and complying to standard practices in IS:456-2000 with latest amendments, all concrete works shall be executed in accordance with standard practices, including volumetric batching using boxes of standard size, concrete mixers with hopper, compaction using vibrators and according to the directions of the Engineer In-charge of works.

8.4.1. Aggregates.

All aggregates, fine and course used in concreting works shall comply to the standards laid down in IS: 456-2000 with latest amendments and specifications in applicable clauses in this section.

8.4.2. Water.

The water used in all concreting works shall be of potable quality and tested before usage in the construction works and shall be confirming to IS: 456-2000.

8.4.3. Cement.

The cement used shall be of sulphate resisting cement confirming to IS: 12330 as specified and where ever the concrete is coming in

contact with sewage. For other concreting works like encasing pipe, pedestals and other structures where there is no contact with sewage, it shall be OPC confirming to IS:8112 with latest amendments and revisions.

8.5. Minimum clear cover over Reinforcement

Minimum clear cover over the steel reinforcement shall be 50mm for the members contact with soil/ground water. For other faces the clear cover over the reinforcement shall be as per latest IS Codes.

8.6. Tested Steel

Only tested and approved steel shall be used for reinforcement in RCC works, and the Contractor shall produce the test certificates to the Engineer. The type of steel used shall be of TMT of grade of steel Fe: 500 confirming to relevant IS.

8.7. Restoration of Storm water drains & other Miscellaneous works.

The storm water drains and cover slabs damaged during execution of works which is not due to the negligence of the contractor as decided by the Engineer shall be restored as per the items in bill of quantities. The specifications in this section are deemed to govern the applicable items in the bill of quantities. All masonry works, concrete works shall be in accordance with relevant IS as mentioned in clause 1.2.6. of this section and or as directed by the Engineer. Other repairs works under heading “Miscellaneous works” in bill of quantities shall be executed in accordance with the specifications and as directed by the Engineer, the finished item of work shall give neat appearance and should serve the intended purpose of the component to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

8.8. Disposal of night soil.

The night soil from the existing soak pits shall be cleared and desilted by the bidder including backfilling of the pits to required compaction, handling, salvaging and disposal of night soil /sludge. A suitable site should be identified by the Contractor & approver by the Engineer, for safe disposal of sewage /silt / sludge removed (preferably approved sludge disposal sites of STPs), excavations at the pumping / lifting station sites, which should be away from the water bodies, residential & sensitive areas, agricultural areas and etc. The costs towards removing handling & disposal of night soil / sludge shall be borne by the contractor & is deemed to be included in the quoted offer of the Bidder. If required & certified by the Engineer, sewer

cleaning machine will be provided free of cost, for sucking the sewage from soak pit, As soon as the work at the soak pit is completed the pit shall be filled with earth in layers not exceeding 15 cm, each layer shall be watered, rammed & properly consolidated before the succeeding one is laid. Each layer shall be consolidated to the required standard specification. The final backfill surface shall be trimmed & levelled as directed by the Engineer in charge.

9.0 TRAINING AFTER COMMISSIONING & DEFECT LIABILITY PERIOD : NA

9.1. Trial run of the system

After commissioning of works, the contractor shall maintain the works for 3 (three) months to demonstrate satisfactory performance to the Engineer prior to taking over by the Employer. The cost of electricity, if required for operation & maintenance of works during the period of this trial run will be borne by the Employer. The cost towards Contractors Engineer and other operating personnel during the said period of trial run, along with cost of tools and spare parts which are required for operation and maintenance of the works and equipment during the trial run period shall be borne by the Contractor and shall be included in the quoted bid price. In the event that the system or any of the facilities do not satisfactorily achieve the required performance standards during this period, the trial run period shall be extended until such time as the Contractor has satisfactorily rectified any deficiencies as may be necessary to satisfy the performance requirements. No additional compensation will be paid to the Contractor for such extension.

9.2. Defects Liability Period

During 12 month Defects Liability period, the Contractor has to set right the defects of any kind in the manufacture, laying and jointing of sewer lines and its appurtenants works, other civil and mechanical works in his scope including replacement of defective items, labour and technical services if required and also making good the restored road surface as mentioned above in case of settlement.Contractor shall be responsible to monitor and ensure the successful performance of thesystem throughout the Defects Liability Period, and shall be responsible to ensure that the Employer's Personnel are provided with on-the-job training as may be necessary to ensure uninterrupted satisfactory Performance of the system and facilities by the Employer's Personnel after completion of thecontractPeriod.

SECTION 7: BILL OF QUANTITIES

				Rate (Rs)		
Sl. No	Description of item (with brief specification and reference to Book of specification)	Quantity	Unit	In figures	In words	Amount (Rs)
Total Tender Price (in figures)						
(in words)						

Note:

(1) Item for which no rate or price has been entered in will not be paid for by the Employer when executed and shall be deemed covered by the other rates and prices in the Bill of Quantities (refer: ITB Clause 11.2 and CC Clause 37.2).

(2) Unit rates and prices shall be quoted by the Tenderer in Indian Rupees.

(3) Where there is a discrepancy between the rate in figures and words, the lower of the two will govern. [ITB Clause 24.1(a)]

(4) Where there is a discrepancy between the unit rate and the line item total resulting from multiplying the unit rate by quantity, the unit rate quoted shall govern [ITB Clause 24.1 (b)]

SECTION 8: FORMAT OF BANK GUARANTEE FOR SECURITY DEPOSIT

To: _____ [name of Employer]
_____ [address of Employer]

WHEREAS _____ [name and address of Contractor] (hereinafter called "the Contractor") has undertaken, in pursuance of Contract No. _____ dated _____ to execute _____ [name of Contract and brief description of Works] (hereinafter called "the Contract");

AND WHEREAS it has been stipulated by you in the said Contract that the Contractor shall furnish you with a Bank Guarantee by a recognized bank for the sum specified therein as security for compliance with his obligations in accordance with the Contract;

AND WHEREAS we have agreed to give the Contractor such a Bank Guarantee;

NOW THEREFORE we hereby affirm that we are the Guarantor and responsible to you, on behalf of the Contractor, up to a total of Rs._____ [amount of guarantee] [6] Rupees_____[in words], and we undertake to pay you, upon your first written demand and without cavil or

[6] An amount shall be inserted by the Guarantor, representing the percentage of the Contract Price specified in the Contract

argument, any sum or sums within the limits of _____ [amount of guarantee][7]as aforesaid without your needing to prove or to show grounds or reasons for your demand for the sum specified therein.

We hereby waive the necessity of your demanding the said debt from the Contractor before presenting us with the demand.

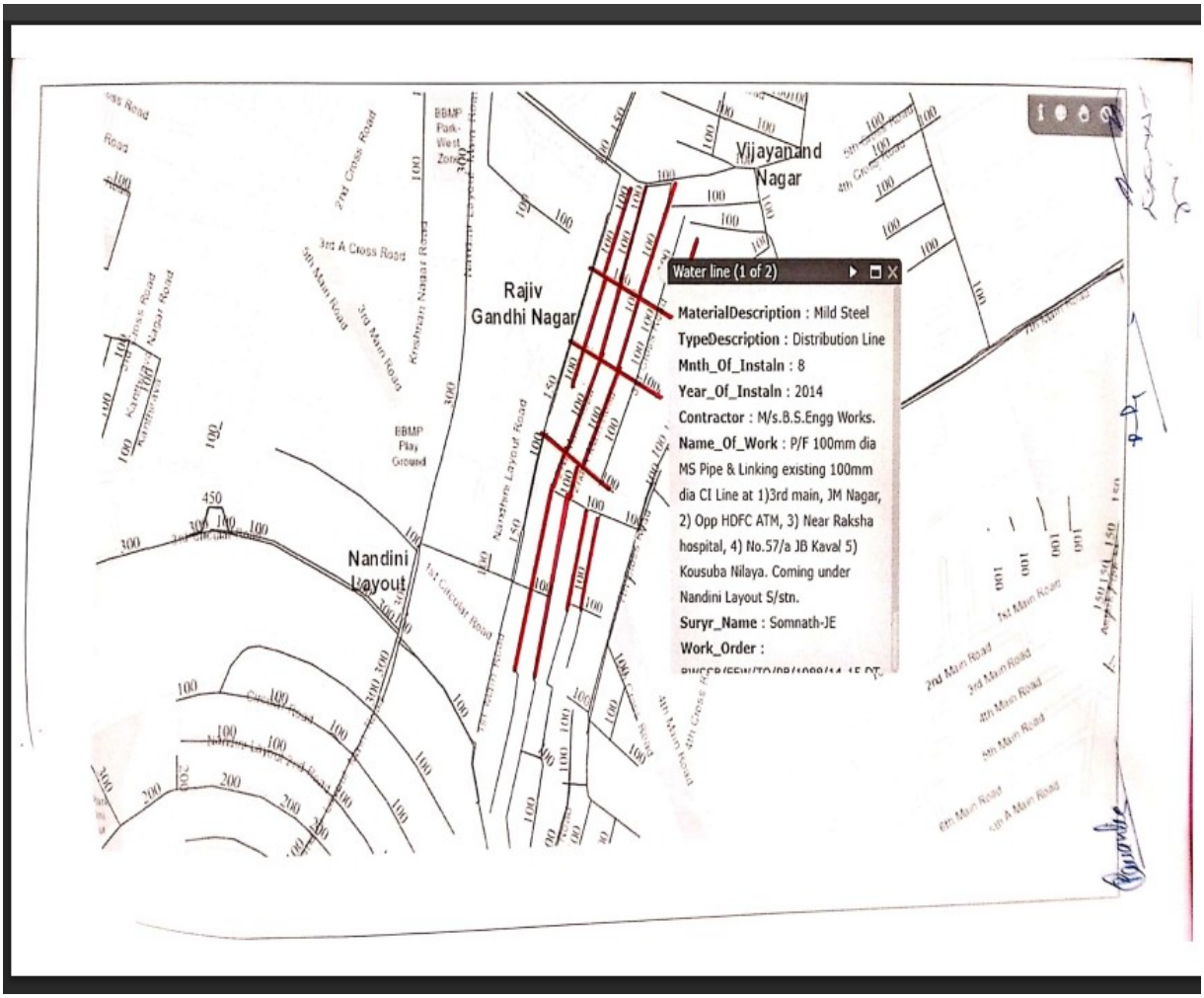
We further agree that no change or addition to or other modification of the terms of the Contract or of the Works to be performed there under or of any of the Contract documents which may be made between you and the Contractor shall in any way release us from any liability under this guarantee, and we hereby waive notice of any such change, addition or modification.

This guarantee shall be valid until 30 days from the date of expiry of the Defects Liability Period.

Signature and seal of the guarantor _____
Name of Bank _____
Address _____
Date _____

SECTION 9: DRAWINGS

[7] An amount shall be inserted by the Guarantor, representing the percentage of the Contract Price specified in the Contract


Vijayanand Nagar
Rajiv Gandhi Nagar
Nandini Layout
Water line (1 of 2)
MaterialDescription : Mild Steel
TypeDescription : Distribution Line
Mnth_Of_Instaln : 8
Year_Of_Instaln : 2014
Contractor : M/s.B.S.Engg Works.
Name_Of_Work : P/F 100mm dia MS Pipe & Linking existing 100mm dia CI Line at 1)3rd main, JM Nagar, 2) Opp HDFC ATM, 3) Near Raksha hospital, 4) No.57/a JB Kaval 5) Kousuba Nilaya. Coming under Nandini Layout S/stn.
Suryr_Name : Somnath-JE
Work_Order :